OLYMPIC -LEADER

THE DEMOCRAT-LEADER, ESTABLISHED 1888.
THE OLYMPIC, ESTABLISHED 1904.

THE OFFICIAL PAPER FOR THE COUNTY OF CLALLAM.

VOL. 17. NO. 21. PORT ANGELES, WASHINGTON, FRIDAY, AUGUST 25, 1905 PRICE 5 CTS.

Pacific Store Co., Inc.

Lewis Levy, Manager.

The Cotton Market is Continually On the Rise

We would urge early buying of Woolen and Cotton Goods. We can

Save You From 15 to 25 per cent

on every dollar. Call and see our prices.

The Following Prices Will Prevail Until Further Notice:

American Print, the yard	6½c
Amoskeag Gingham, the yard	7½c
French Gingham, the yard	12½c
Dress Gingham, the yard	10c
Zypher Gingham Remnants, the yard	6½c
3-4 Percale, the yard	7½c
4-4 Percale, the yard	10c
Dimities, the yard	15c
Japanese Crepe, the yard	17c
Japanese Silk, the yard	42½c
Pongee Silk, the yard	50c
Royal Taffeta, the yard	72½c
Guaranteed Taffeta 36 in., the yard	$1.20
Guaranteed Taffeta, better quality,	$1.35
Best Grade Outing, per yard	11c
American Lady Corsets, $1.25,	93c
Sorosis Blk Underskirts, $2.00 & $2.25, at	$1.35
" " " $5.50 at	$3.75
" " " $4.50 at	$2.95
Cambric Lining, the yard,	5c
Cheese Cloth, 36 in. wide, unbleached,	5c
" " bleached,	6c
Surgeon's Cloth, 36 in.	6c
Table Padding, 60 in. wide	50c
Lace Curtains, $1.25, $1.35, $1.45, $1.65 worth nearly twice the price.	
4-4 Fruit of the Loom, the yard	11c
4-4 Lonsdale, the yard	11c
4-4 Cambric Lonsdale, the yard	13½c
10-4 Unbleached Sheeting, the yard	24c
9-4 Unbleached Sheeting, the yard	22c
8-4 Unbleached Sheeting, the yard	20c
7-4 Unbleached Sheeting, the yard	18c
10-4 Bleached Sheeting, the yard	26c
9-4 Bleached Sheeting, the yard	24c
8-4 Bleached Sheeting, the yard	22c
7-4 Bleached Sheeting, the yard	20c
Pillow Cases, plain, the pair,	25c
" hemstitched, the pair,	28c
Bed Sheets, 81x90, good quality,	65c
A. C. A. Bed Ticking, the yard,	15c
Red Stripe, better quality, the yard,	20c
Table Oil Cloth in colors	18c the yard
Table Oil Cloth, white and marble	20c the yard

We handle the Independent Peerless Patterns.

LEWIS LEVY

TO PERFECT ITS TITLE

Looks Very Much as Though Union Pacific Would Come to Sound.

Attorney W. W. Cotton, of Portland, representing Union Pacific railroad interests, is beginning proceedings to obtain titles to the old railroad grade made a dozen of years ago, between the Columbia river and Olympia. The grade was constructed for the U. P., but that corporation going into the hands of a receiver at the time, the road was never finished. Much of the old grade was sold for taxes, and a considerable portion of it was left in possession of the counties through which the grade was constructed.

H. L. Tibbals, Jr., of Port Townsend, who was made state agent of the old corporation which built the grade and who has never been paid off and fired, was served with summons in these tax foreclosure cases by Attorney Cotton a few days ago. Some years ago Mr. Tibbals was served with papers in a case suing him, as state agent, for a judgment amounting to over a million and a quarter of dollars. Mr. Tibbals settled the matter without fuss or feather, and was discharged from the debt. But he is still state agent, and has coming to him his salary for twelve years or more. He will probably always have it coming.

In the meantime it is gratifying to know that a move is being made by the Union Pacific to again obtain titles to the old grade in which a million and a half of good dollars was put in its making. It means that Harriman is preparing to carry out his intention of building to the Sound, as he has announced.—Call.

Can't Be Done.

In an address at a banquet at Portland last week, W. D. Fenton, a Harriman attorney, made the following emphatic statements which go to show that conditions on the Columbia are not the best:

"There is but one thing for this city to do. Either we go to Puget Sound, or we go out of the mouth of the Columbia. If you will give us a 30-foot channel, we will bring the business of the great Columbia river basin to Portland for distribution, and make it the greatest jobbing and distributing center in the northwest. If you don't do that, if it cannot be done, we will go to Puget Sound, and these matters had just as well be understood first as last."

England Arrested.

Chas. England was arrested at Dungeness this week by James Dick, deputy sheriff, and brought to Angeles; his trial has been set for next Wednesday and meanwhile he is out on $200 bail. It will be remembered that England, while in a partly intoxicated condition on the Fourth, attempted to shoot C. A. Engesser vith a shot gun. Sheriff Hopkins and deputies have been on the lookout for England ever since, but he has given Angeles a wide berth and made his calls at other points as brief as possible.

Annual Picnic.

The Degree of Honor will hold their annual picnic at Civic Park Monday, Sept. 14th, to which all members of the A. O. U. W. and D. of H. are invited to come, with well-filled baskets. In the evening a dance will be given at the opera house to which every one is invited.

PROGRAM AND DANCE

Miss Fairy Johnson Will Give an Entertainment Monday Evening Next.

On Monday evening, in Haning Hall, an entertainment of music, song and recitations will be given by and for the benefit of Miss Fairy Johnson, of Los Angeles, Calif., who, with her mother, Mrs. E. G. Johnson, has been visiting in our city some two weeks, or more, guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Cole. Miss Johnson has responded cheerfully to all requests made of her for assistance in the various entertainments of the past fortnight and being a winsome child and a really talented elocutionist, has endeared herself to our people. She has also assisted Mrs. Johnson in the latter's three lectures, two of which were given without charge in Haning Hall on Monday and Tuesday evenings of this week. Miss Johnson, though only thirteen, has been successful so far in paying her own way for instruction as a vocalist and elocutionist, but this is the first time she has attempted an entertainment by herself for that purpose. The boys of the Marblehead have very kindly volunteered to assist with a quartette, a solo by Mr. Camm, and selections by Mr. Davies. Mrs. E. G. Johnson will also entertain a few minutes with one of her interesting talks on the science of health. Following the program, a dance will be given. Admission, 25c. Everyone should come out and hear the program and thus show their appreciation of Miss Fairy's helpful assistance heretofore.

Grand Army Picnic

Someone let down the bars in Civic Park and turned the "old boys" of Pacific Post loose there for a picnic, on Wednesday last, and every blue-jay and bobolink in town shook their tails and flew away. It was good to hear these old war horses swapping yarns, so old, they were covered with whiskers and bald-headed; yet the boys laughed, and told them over again. Of course the city marshal was not in reach, and the society for the prevention of cruelty to innocent onlookers was too far away. As genteel prevaricators some of the old boys are a shining success.

The young ladies who compose the Relief Corps were early on the ground and built up a grand dinner to which all sat down and ate heartily. Fun, jest and witticism were everywhere and all were young again for a passing hour. The palm for the biggest eater lies between Major Harding, Comrades Burdick, Watkins, and Smith, with Doty a good fourth. There can be no question but that their end of the table looked as if a gang-plow had been hauled over it. The picnic was a decided success.

"Worchester" salt is the best salt. For sale by E. E. Seevers.

BOOSTERS ORGANIZE

Object and Aims of Club Just What We Need Here in Angeles.

The Boosters Club idea, which has been so universally adopted throughout the west, and which we have repeatedly advocated for this place, has been taken up with a will by the business men of Townsend. Their new organization, born at a Merchants' Picnic held on the 27th of July, is to be known as the Townsend Hustlers. As a slogan they have adopted "Sun's Shining at Townsend," and buttons with an appropriate device will be provided. Their set of by-laws is the best we have so far seen, and as Section 2 fully sets out the object and aims of a boosters' club, we give it here:

Bring Port Townsend citizens together.

Get them to pull together.

To mind their own business.

To co-operate in all things for the general good.

To talk Port Townsend and its climate, location, resources, and other advantages all the time.

To approve and assist all good movements.

To inculcate good fellowship.

To give hearty welcome to the visitor.

To discourage and discountenance calamity-howlers and knockers generally.

To always defend the good name of Port Townsend and resent anything said in its disfavor.

To never knock or allow anyone else to do so where the general good is involved.

Big as Houses.

Three more immense rocks were blasted off at the quarry Wednesday evening, the largest being about 22x10x8 feet in size and weighing about 150 tons; the others weigh about 140 and 40 tons each. In all, over 500 tons of stones was released. Mr. Barnett now has the ledge in such shape that stone can be obtained very easily and much faster than it is possible to saw the blocks into slabs. These three blocks are as perfect if not the most perfect, of any stone ever quarried. Seventeen men, working in two shifts, are now employed at the quarry, earning from $2 to $3 per day, and the business is not only paying expenses, but a profit as well. Three cars of stone were shipped today on the freighter Transport.

Theodore P. Shonts, chairman of the Isthmian Canal Commission, who has just arrived in New York from Panama, is credited with saying that the canal will be dug within five years. Not only will it be built within half a decade, but he asserts the chagres and yellow fevers will be exterminated and the zone will take place among the salubrious spots of the world as a health resort in the dry season.

The Times says that an epidemic of typhoid fever is on in Seattle. Many of the cases reported were brought into the city by visitors.

It is reported that the Marblehead is to go out of commission at an early date and receive extensive repairs at the Bremerton navy yard.

Seasonable Specialties

Cold Creams
Euthymol Toilet Powder
Rieger's Perfumes
Cucumber Jelly
Almond Meal
Weeks Break-up-a-Cold Tablets

Mail your orders to

Mathewson's Drug Store

Phone 28.

Store near Post Office

LINCOLN DINING ROOM

L. E. COLE, Proprietor.

SUNDAY'S MENU

SOUP.
Cream of Corn, au crouton
FISH.
Croquettes of Salmon, a la Lyonnaise
RELISHES.
Pickled Young Onions
ROAST
Leg of Mutton, a la Venison
Loin of Pork, with Apple Omelette
ENTREES
Spring Chicken, fried. Rice Croquettes
Hungarian Goulash, with Macaroni
VEGETABLES
Parisienne Potatoes
Creamed Green Peas with Carrots
DESSERT
Mince and Apple Pie

Chicken Dinner 35 Cts.

Side Orders 10c—Tea, Coffee, Milk

Chicago Goes on Rocks.

The cruiser Chicago has had her turn with bad luck, along with other ships of the Pacific squadron. While entering the harbor at Frisco, having the Bennington in tow and being accompanied by the navy tug Fortune, the tow line parted and she took a sudden sheer for land, running her bows upon the beach. The Bennington on her momentum sailed close up to the stern of the cruiser before her anchors took hold. Then when the tug pulled the Chicago off, the tide caused her to sheer down across the bow of the anchored vessel and the two went drifting on the tide. Both were considerably damaged.

A little forethought may save you no end of trouble. Anyone who makes it a rule to keep Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy at hand known this to be a fact. For sale by W. J. Mathewson.

The New Triumph Clothing will in twelve month's time take the place of all oilskins. This clothing is made in hunting, driving and working coats and pants, soft and easy to work in, heat proof and water proof to almost any extent. Is also grease and acid proof.

Sole agents, Times Clothing Mart.

DeWITT'S WITCH HAZEL SALVE

THE ORIGINAL.

A Well Known Cure for Piles.

Cures obstinate sores, chapped hands, eczema, skin diseases. Makes burns and scalds painless. We could not improve the quality if paid double the price. The best salve that experience can produce or that money can buy.

Cures Piles Permanently

DeWitt's is the original and only pure and genuine Witch Hazel Salve made. Look for the name DeWITT on every box. All others are counterfeit. PREPARED BY

E. C. DeWITT & CO., CHICAGO.

Sold by C. E. Nailor & Co.

Olympic Leader

WEBSTER PUB. CO.

Port Angeles, - - Wash.

Minor Happenings of the Week

Application has been made for franchises for subways at Pittsburg to cost $10,000,000.

A considerable reduction in grain rates is announced by the Great Northern and Northern Pacific railroads.

Emperor William is considering plans for a new steam yacht to replace the Hohenzollern, which is no longer a modern boat.

The secretary of the interior has ordered the withdrawal from entry of 100,000 acres of land in the La Grande, Or., land district on account of the Umatilla irrigation project.

A contract has been awarded Frederick & Arnold, of Hood River, for erecting buildings at Cascade locks, on the Columbia river, for the use of the lock keepers, at a cost of $14,030.

Dr. Fred Wolfe, who became famous as the conductor of the Bach festivals at Bethlehem, Pa., has accepted a call to the chair of music at the University of California at a salary of $5,000 a year.

An attempt was made last week to assassinate the dowager empress of China.

Word has been received at the San Francisco Merchants Exchange of the wreck and total loss of the schooner Volant, near Kusgakim. She was bound from that port to Puget sound when she ran on the rocks and quickly broke up. Her crew was rescued.

Subterranean passages, leading from a secret staircase to stone vaulted chambers beneath the old Tilden mansion in Gramercy park, have been brought to light by the contractors engaged in tearing out and remodeling the structure, which is now in course of transformation into a home for the National Arts club.

Chief Wilkie of the United States secret service has announced the appearance of a new counterfeit $5 silver certificate. It is of series of 1889, Lyons register and Roberts treasurer. It is a poorly executed note, printed on two thin pieces of paper. There are many mistakes in the lettering on the face of the note.

Consul General Lee, of Panama, has reported that a general movement is on foot towards promoting the industry of Panama hat making in the district of Arraijan. A central school supported by the government, has been established for the express purpose of teaching hat making, scholarships and other inducements being offered to encourage the pupils.

DECLARES DOUMA TO BE A GREAT HUMBUG

Chicago, Aug. 22.—A special cablegram to the Daily News from St. Petersburg says:

Opinion in this city declares that in the matter of the new national assembly the mountain has brought forth a mouse.

The manifesto has disappointed all. The Novoe Vremya, however, while admitting that the douma is sadly deficient in real power, finds solace in the fact that a half loaf is better than no bread, that the Rubicon has been crossed and progress having become positive, is therefore imminent. But the leading zemstvoists are despondent and think their hopes of a pacific solution of the nation's needs have been blighted.

Prince Wolkonsky, whose opinion has great weight with the Russian people, said:

"The sincerely conceived, secretly elaborated and stealthily proclaimed douma is a humbug. It deceives nobody and will precipitate a revolution. The ukase outlining its scope excludes from the franchise professional men, laborers, shopkeepers, the entire middle class and the Jews. Twenty million of city population get a less number of representatives than 2,000,000 illiterate Muzhiks, because the latter are under official guidance.

"Parody of Popular Assembly."

"Odessa, with 500,000 inhabitants, and Riga, with 300,000, have only one representative each, though the majority of their people are Christians. Cities in which Jews form a majority are denied representation altogether. Jews are forbidden to reside in the country and thus they are excluded from the douma. Neither Poland, Finland, nor the Caucasus is represented.

"It is not necessary for bills to pass the douma to become laws and the ministers of the czar are not bound to answer to the members of that party. Its minutes and its debates are secret. These regulations make the douma a mere parody of a popular assembly, while preserving intact the autocracy, which the representatives of the people must swear to uphold. Thus the whole reform is ephemeral, like the zemstvo and judiciary reforms, which the autocracy granted and then abrogated."

Hold Statehood Convention.

Muskogee, I. T., Aug. 22.—The separate statehood constitutiional convention, with nearly 200 delegates representing the five civilized tribes present, is in session here.

WASHINGTON NEWS

Poultry breeders of Pacific county have organized an association.

Work is beginning on a ditch in the Methow valley that will water 3,500 acres.

The estimate for this year's sockeye pack by the Anacortes canneries is 329,000 cases.

A company has been organized to connect Puyallup, Tacoma and other towns with an electric railway.

Miss Lavina Rudberg has been chosen physical director for women at the state university for the coming year. She is a graduate of the Harvard school of physical culture.

A contract has been awarded to the Puget Sound Bridge and Dredging Company for dredging part of the Lake Washington canal near Ballard, at a rate of 35.9 cents per cubic yard. The total contract amounts to $128,000.

Edmond S. Meany, of the University of Washington, has returned from a visit to five Indian reservations lying between Grays harbor and Neah bay along the Pacific ocean. The trip was made on foot and entailed a walk of over a hundred miles. Prof. Meany secured a large collection of Indian stories, legends and traditions, which will be preserved in accordance with his purpose to assist in preserving the early history of the Pacific Northwest.

Fire destroyed the St. Patrick Catholic church at Tacoma last week.

The cornerstone of the new Masonic temple at Walla Walla has been laid with appropriate ceremonies.

The state board of equalization, consisting of the land commissioner, secretary of state and auditor with the members of the new tax commission, will meet at Olympia September 5.

The petition of the residents of Kirkland for permission to hold an election for the purpose of voting on the question of incorporation has been granted by the commissioners of King county.

That factory inspection is compulsory upon the commissioner of labor and upon the concern inspected is the opinion given by the attorney general. He says the commissioner must inspect and that the concern inspected must pay the $10 fee for inspection.

Arthur Lembeck, electrician of the Walla Walla fire department, has been notified from Washington that he has been granted a patent on an improved insulator, intended to simplify the method of making repairs to electric light, telephone and telegraph wires.

Seattle is to have a new factory, according to articles of incorporation filed with the secretary of state. This is the Yule Spinning and Twine Company. The stated objects of the company are to operate twine and weaping mills. The capital stock is placed at $500,000.

Burwell for Commandant.

Washington, Aug. 21.—The navy department has assigned Capt. W. T. Burwell to the command of the navy yard and station at Bremerton, to relieve Rear Admiral Barclay, who retires from the navy on September 8. Capt. Burwell was formerly commandant at this station, but was replaced when it was raised in rank to require an admiral for commandant. Capt. Burwell will soon be promoted to that rank.

Dominion Tariff Commission.

Ottawa, Ont., Aug. 22.—The first sitting of the tariff commission will be held in British Columbia and the commissioners will leave Ottawa about September 1. On the way out Messrs. Fielding, Paterson and Brodeur, Canadian cabinet ministers, will take in the inauguration ceremonies at Edmonton and Regina September 1.

SEATTLE MARKET REPORT

The following prices are offered to the producer by the local dealers for delivery in round lots f. o. b. Seattle, and are subject to change without notice:

Grain—Oats, $27@28 per ton; barley, $23; wheat, chicken feed, $28@29; bran, $19; shorts, $20; corn, $26.

Hay—Eastern Washington, $14.50 per ton; Puget sound $9; alfalfa, $9@10.

Eggs—Strictly fresh ranch, 26@27c.

Poultry—Live hens, 13@13½c per lb; old roosters, 9½@10c; ducks, 12@13c; geese, 9@12c; springs, 15c.

Wool—Eastern Washington, 18@21c per lb; Western Washington, 24@25c; dirty or timber stained, 20c.

Live Stock—Sheep, wethers, 3½@3¾c per lb; ewes, 3@3¼c; hogs, 6¼@6¾c; steers, 3¾@4c; cows, 3@3¼c; calves, 4@6½c; lambs, $2.50@3 per head.

Tacoma Quotations

Wheat—New club, 70c; bluestem, 73c; red, 67c.

Oats—$29@31; rolled oats, $31@32.

Hay, Alfalfa, etc—Wheat hay, $11.50@12.50; timothy, $15@16; mixed, $12.50@14; clover, $12@.50 13.50; alfalfa, $10.50@11.50.

Fresh Meats—Cow beef, 5½@5¾c; steer beef, 6@6½; wethers, 7½@8c; spring lambs, 9c; ewes, 7@7½c; pork, 8@9c; trimmed, 10½@11; shoats, $2@3 each; veal, dressed, 5@8c.

Poultry—Turkeys, dressed, 22c; chickens, dressed, spring, 20c; ducks, dressed, 15c; geese, dressed, 16c. Live—Hens, 11c; ducks, 11c; geese, 11c; spring chickens, 14@15c.

Butter—Washington creamery, 26c; ranch, 16@18c.

Eggs—Oregon, 24@25c; Eastern, 22@23c; fresh, 24@25c; Washington ranch, 26c.

PRESIDENT'S PROPOSAL TO RUSSIA AND JAPAN

Portsmoutth, N. H., Aug. 23.—The Associated Press is now in a position to reveal substantially the suggestion of President Roosevelt for breaking the existing deadlock in the peace negotiations and rescuing the conference from failure.

His solutiion would ingeniously permit the satisfaction of the Japanese demands for reimbursement for the cost of the war and at the same time enable Russia to face the world with the declarations that she had not ceded a foot of territory or paid a kopeck of war tribute to the victor.

The solution, tersely stated, consists in an agreement by Russia to repurchase possession of either all or half of the island of Sakhalin, now in the military occupation of Japan, for a sum the amount of which, if the two countries cannot agree, shall be decided by some method of arbitration hereafter to be determined.

The purchase money, together with the sum Japan would obtain from the cession of the Chinese Eastern railroad and the maintenance of Russian prisoners in Japan, would, it is estimated, about equal the amount claimed by Japan as her bill for the cost of the war. Possibly, therefore, the solution offered by the president involves recession by Japan upon article 5 (the cession of Sakhalin,) and the recession by Russia upon article 9 (indemnity).

Japanese Statement.

It seems practically certain, though this cannot be affirmed positively, that the president has been able to give M. Witte substantial assurance that Japan would be willing to accept such a compromise.

This is apparently supported by the authoritative Japanese statement made to the Associated Press in reply to a question as to whether Japan had not decided to make substantial concessions: "It all depends upon Russia."

A high authority believes it impossible that a final rupture can come today, no matter what the character of the emperor's final instructions to M. Witte may be.

"If the negotiatiions can be prolonged into next week," he said, "so much pressure will be brought to bear upon the emperor that he will not be able to resist."

Czar's Reply Received.

A long cablegram from St. Petersburg, which is believed to be the Russian reply, arrived about 10 o'clock last night, and M. Witte's secretaries immediately began deciphering it. Considerable excitement was apparent in the annex where the Russian headquarters are located. Sheet by sheet the translation was taken to M. Witte's room.

The rumor is that it is a reiteration of the Russian position, stating that she has given ample proof of her desire for peace, in the articles already accepted, and that she could not yield more with dignity and honor. No confirmation of the report that Russia's reply is a negative one can be obtained, and it must be accepted with all reserve.

Oyster Bay, Aug. 22.—President Roosevelt has not abandoned hope of a successful issue of the Washington peace conference. Neither has he relaxed his efforts to prevent a rupture between the conferees when they reconvene this afternoon at Portsmouth.

Events of importance succeeded each other rapidly here yesterday. On an early morning train Baron Kaneko, a confidential representative in this country of the Japanese government, arrived in Oyster Bay quite unexpectedly. He has a general invitation to visit the president at any time, and was received as soon as he arrived at Sagamore Hill.

That he was the bearer of important information is known, but the nature of his message is not disclosed. He remained with the president three-quarters of an hour. At the conclusion of the conference the baron declined even to discuss the mission, although he politely expressed regret at his inability to enlighten his interrogators.

Baron Kaneko's Opinion.

Surrounded by half a dozen newspaper men he talked with apparent frankness, but his words were not luminous with information. He expressed the opinion, which he was careful to note was simply his own, that Japan had made every concession in the conference that a victorious power could be expected to make, and that the Japanese people would resent any serious recession by the envoys from the position they had taken.

Following Baron Kaneko's visit, President Roosevelt had his acting secretary, Mr. Barnes, with him for two hours. In addition to the matter which the baron had presented to him, the president received and considered an accumulation of dispatches and letters. Late in the day important messages were received from Portsmouth, the responses to which occupied the president's attention for a considerable time

Not the slightest indication of the character of the correspondence was permitted to become public. The president, acting as intermediary between the two warring governments, feels that secrecy is even more incumbent upon him than though the matter related wholly to him personally or to the United States.

Portsmouth, Aug. 21.—The chances of peace have undoubtedly been improved by President Roosevelt's action in stepping into the breach in a last heroic endeavor to induce the warring countries to compromise their "irreconcilable differences," but the result is still in suspense.

The ultimate decision of the issue has passed from the plenipotentiaries to their principals, from Portsmouth to St. Petersburg, and perhaps, in a lesser extent, to Tokyo.

The Associated Press is able to announce that the feature of the proposition of President Roosevelt communicated through Baron Rosen to M. Witte, and by the latter to Emperor Nicholas, was based on the principles of arbitration.

Whether the president contemplates arbitration on all of the articles on which the principals have already agreed or on the question of indemnity cannot be stated with positiveness, but it is more than probable that it relates only to indemnity or to indemnity and the cession of the island of Sakhalin. Neither is it possible to say whether the president has yet made a similar proposal to Japan.

The customary diplomatic proceeding in such a case would be to submit the proposal simultaneously to both countries, but there might be advantage in securing the adherence of one before submitting it to the other.

Envoys Have Said No Once.

To Emperor Nicholas, the author of The Hague peace conference, the suggestion of arbitration, which will necessarily immediately command the sympathy, the public opinion of the world, will be particularly hard to reject.

If he agrees, Japan, if she has not already done so, will be all the more bound to submit her claim to the decision of an impartial arbiter. Accepted by both sides, it would involve a great extension of the principle of arbitration, as nations have heretofore declined to arbitrate on questions involving "their honor and dignity."

Both Mr. Takahira and M. Witte, in the early stages of the conference, absolutely rejected the idea of arbitration, and only Saturday both reiterated their disbelief in such a solution. It was noticed, however, that M. Witte's opinion was not expressed as strongly as it was last week.

According to current gossip Baron Komura told the president that Japan would yield on articles 10 and 11. That Japan would yield on these two points if Russia would accept articles 5 and 9 (indemnity and Sakhalin) is considered certain, but reports pretending to describe with exactness the character of the president's propositiion to Baron Rosen are probably simply shrewd guesses. M. Witte has never communicated it to the members of his entourage, and the Japanese are absolutely silent.

Neutral Powers Anxious.

Although there are collateral evidences that pressure both by President Roosevelt and the neutral powers, including Japan's ally, Great Britain, whose minister, Sir Claude MacDonald, according to a dispatch received here, had a long conference this afternoon with Mr. Katsura, the Japanese premier, is still being exerted at Tokyo to induce Japan to moderate her demands, there is also reason to believe that President Roosevelt was able at his interview with Baron Rosen practically to convey to the latter and M. Witte Japan's irreducible minimum—what she would yield, but the point beyond which she would not go.

Whether an actual basis of compromise was proposed by the president cannot be stated definitely. The only thing that can be affirmed positively is that if Russia refuses to act upon the suggestion of President Roosevelt the peace conference will end in failure. And in the Russian camp little encouragement is given.

Emperor Nicholas' decision, upon which the fate of the conference seems now to hang, according to the best informed Russians, depends upon the conditions at home, and these conditions they do not believe are propitious. The main big factors are the internal conditions and the reports from the front as to the military situation.

The former has been ameliorated by last Saturday's manifesto, and the character of the reports received from the front are known to be good. Gen. Linevitch has expressed absolute confidence in victory, and since the conference began he and his generals have not only reassured his majesty that the army was never in better condition, but they have sent messages to M. Witte, imploring him not to make peace.

Oyster Bay, Aug. 19.—President Roosevelt has interested himself in the peace negotiations between Japan and Russia. He wishes to confer at once with Baron Rosen, the junior plenipotentiary of the czar, who is also the Russian ambassador at Washington, and with whom the president has a warm personal acquaintance.

What the information is he wished to convey is not known, but that it is of the greatest importance cannot be questioned, for it is recognized that he would not interfere with negotiations of such a delicate nature were he not convinced that emergency has arisen which demands it.

A confidential message was sent by the president's direction late last night to Assistant Secretary Pierce at Portsmouth, instructing the secretary to immediately confer with Baron Rosen and to request the baron to come at once to Oyster Bay or send some one whom he could implicitly trust, so that he could deliver to him a message of most confidential character.

Visit From Kaneko.

President Roosevelt's only visitor yesterday was Baron Kaneko, who studiously concealed his precise mission, but is known to be a confidential representative in this country of the Japanese government. This was his fourth visit to the president in a few weeks and the second within a week.

Reasons developed later for the statement that Baron Kaneko's call had relation to the proceedings of the peace conference at Portsmouth, although it appears likewise reasonably certain that he did not come as the representative of the Japanese envoys. He is known to be in direct communication with the Tokyo government. Whether he was the bearer of messages from Japan to the president is not known, but he came on his own initiative, the president not being aware of his coming until his arrival.

The president and family were absent when the baron arrived, and did not return for some time afterward. Following the president's arrival he had an extended conference with the baron, but nothing was disclosed concerning it, neither of the participants caring to make any statement. Baron Kaneko left for New York at 8 p. m.

Long Talk With Pierce.

Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 19.—At midnight Assistant Secretary Pierce was hurriedly called to the Hotel Wentworth, where a message was awatiting him from the president. Later he was called to the telegraph instrument and for half an hour carried on a conversation by telegraph with the president, who was at the other end of the wire at Oyster Bay. At 12:50 the conversation ceased and Mr. Pierce left the hotel in his automobile. He said he was going home, but beyond this declined to make any statement.

The Associated Press has reason to believe that the purpose of the president's conversation with Mr. Pierce was to arrange for one of the Russians to go to Oyster Bay. The president is understood to be already in communication with the Japanese through Baron Kaneko. Mr. Roosevelt is undoubtedly prepared to make a last effort to induce the warring countries to compromise.

In the event of the expected break in the peace negotiations, the emperor of Japan will renew to the president, throuh Mr. Takahira, the Japanese minister at Washington, and through Minister Griscom, the American representative at Tokyo, his deep appreciation of the president's efforts for peace, and his disappointment that these efforts have not been crowned with success because of circumstances over which the president, in the very nature of things could have no control.

PEACE CONFERENCE IS POSTPONED

Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 22.—To-day's peace conference has been postponed until tomorrow at 9:30 a. m. This will give the czar time to fully consider the questions relative to the determination of the Japanese that there can be no further concessions.

SLIGHT DECREASE.

Skagway Shipments of Gold Less Than Last Year.

Skagway, Aug. 22.—Up to the middle of August there has been a slight decrease in the amount of gold dust that has been shipped south through Skagway this year, as compared with the figures of last season. Between January 1 and August 15 this year there has been shipped through this place by the Alaska Pacific Express Company gold dust to the value of $6,337,133. During the same period of 1904, there passed through Skagway $6,405,305, a difference in favor of last year of $68,172.

The decrease in the shipments is all from the Klondike district. There has been a very large increase of gold from the American camps in the Yukon valley. From Fairbanks alone there has been a gain of more than $1,500,000. This would indicate a large decrease of gold from the Klondike output of former years. The Klondike shipments for the last portion of the year are expected to be greater than they were last year.

FOUR BLOCKS BURN ON PORTLAND EAST SIDE

Portland, Or., Aug. 22.—Fire which started in a restaurant on the north side of East Stark street, about 100 feet east of Union avenue, completely destroyed four blocks in what was the business portion of old East Portland, early today. The loss is approximately $150,000. The insurance will probably cover one-third of the loss.

MODIFY BOYCOTT.

Chinese Anti-American Committee Changes Program.

Yokohama, Aug. 21.—The anti-American boycott committee has virtually abandoned the proposed general boycott, in accordance with instructions from Shanghai, which merely give advice not to buy American merchandise, though members may sell to Americans. So far American interests here have not been perceptibly affected.

TO FIND THE LEAK

SECRETARY HITCHCOCK LIKELY TO START INQUIRY.

Cumulative Evidence That Someone Is Tipping Off Government Irrigation Projects and Giving Out Other Information in Advance of Official Notice.

Washington, Aug. 22.—Complaints have reached the ears of the interior department officials from time to time that advance information of the government's intentions regarding the reclamation of arid lands in various places has been given out to interested persons in advance. No general investigation of these allegations has been made, but the charges, although usually somewhat vague in their character, have become cumulative, and it is not unlikely that Secretary Hitchcock will cause an official inquiry to be made.

Among other charges it has been said that persons in Eastern Washington have secured "tips" from the office of the reclamation service engineer in Spokane, especially in regard to the government plans in the Palouse country. As a rule charges of this kind have received scant recognition in the reclamation service here, and the matter has never been taken up by Secretary Hitchcock personally. That an effort is constantly made by persons bent on speculation to obtain advance information in regard to irrigation projects is a matter of common knowledge, and some of these persons have undoubtedly been successful.

Had a Bad Look.

Where definite knowledge of culpability has been wanting there still has been certain incidents which at least had a bad look. For example It was reported a few days ago that the complaints about the reclamation service were to be investigated by a committee appointed by Secretary Hitchcock. A committee was actually appointed, consisting of Frank Bond, of the general land office; A. C. Shaw, of the forestry service, and A. E. Chandler of the reclamation service, but it is now given out that these men are to investigate the general subject of grazing on public lands in the Western states. It was said at the interior department that the committee is not charged with the investigation of any scandals or improper doings in the reclamation service, but it is probable that the members will be ready to listen to any complaints that may be made.

Secretary Hitchcock is absent from Washington, although he is transacting necessary official business at his summer home. It is not unlikely that he will take up the consideration of the alleged "leaks" in the reclamation service.

IRRIGATION CONGRESS CONVENES AT PORTLAND

Portland, Or,. Aug. 21.—The second great congress to meet in Portland within a week will be the national irrigation congress, which assembled at the Lewis and Clark auditorium today.

As was the case with the Tramississippi Commercial Congress, the subjects to be treated pertain particularly to the West.

Following the custom established last year at El Paso, the business of the irrigation congress will for the most part be transacted in sectional meetings. Two general sessions were held today, one in the morning and the other in the evening. Both were devoted more or less to an exchange of felicitations, and at the evening session the famous Mormon choir of Ogden, Utah, participated in the exercises by singing the "Irrigation Ode."

The business of the congress will commence in earnest in the morning in five sections. These sections will consider forestry, climatology, settlement, production by irrigation, and engineering and mechanics.

There will be no general sessions on Tuesday or Wednesday, but on Thursday the congress will meet in general session to elect officers, select the next meeting place, hear reports of committees and transact the concluding business of the organization. The event of the final day will be the reading of a letter from President J. J. Hill, of the Great Northern railway.

Novel Decision in Customs Case.

St Paul, Aug. 22.—A man to whom diamonds are sent with the option of buying any or all of them is, according to the purpose of the customs laws, the owner of the gems. This new and most important principle of law has been laid down by the United States circuit court of appeals in a decision by Judge Walter L. Sanborn.

Killed Big Black Bruin.

Fort Casey, Aug. 22.—A large black bear, which has been killing sheep in this vicinity for the past few months, and for which several unsuccessful hunting expeditions have been made, was killed on the Judkins farm last Saturday.

Anti-Cigarette Ordinance.

Tacoma, Aug. 21.—The Tacoma council has passed an ordinance making it a misdemeanor to sell tobacco or cigarettes to any minor under 16 years of age. Councilman Conrad introduced the ordinance at the request of Chief of Police Malony.

ASSEMBLY ORDERED

CZAR ISSUES UKASE FOR ITS CONVOCATION.

Consultative Organization in Connection With Council of the Empire—No Legislative Powers, but Is a Long Step Forward for Russia.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 19.—Russia's national representative assembly, the fruit of decades of stress and striving for reform which endows the Russian people with the right of being consulted through their chosen representatives in the suggestion, preparation and repeal of legislation, today takes its place among the fundamental institutions of the empire.

In a solemn manifesto, Emperor Nicholas announces this morning to his subjects the fruition of his plans summoning the representatives of his people, as outlined in a rescript issued by him on March 3 last, and fixes the date for the convocation as mid-January. A ukase addressed to the senate formally orders that body to register as the imperial will a law project, formulating the nature, powers and procedure of the new governmental organization.

The manifesto, ukase and project are published in special editions of the Official Messenger in St. Petersburg and Moscow. They will be given out for publication at noon to the newspapers throughout the empire, many of which are preparing to issue extra editions to signalize a momentous historical event, overshadowing in importance the liberation of the serfs in 1861.

Announced on Feast Day.

The date of the occasion has been happily chosen with due regard to the poetical symbolism so dear to the Russian heart, for on this day is celebrated the great religious feast of the transfiguration of Christ, with the bringing to the church of the first fruits of the new harvest.

The national assembly will be a consultative assembly in connection with the council of the empire, and not a legislative body. The powers of the emperor remain theoretically absolute. As the emperor is the supreme law giver and autocrat, the decisions of the douma have only a recommendatory and not a binding force, though the rejection of any legislative measure by a two-thirds majority of both houses is sufficient to prevent that measure from being law.

The representatives of the people will have not only the right to be heard on any legislation proposed by the government, but also can voice their desires on new laws, and will have the right to exert a certain supervision over budgetary expenditures.

The suffrage, though wide, is not universal. It is based on property qualifications, the peasantry having a vote through membership in communal organization.

A considerable portion of the residents of cities, possessing no lands, together with women, soldiers, civil functionaries, etc., are without suffrage.

CHINA GETS NOTICE REGARDING BOYCOTT

Peking, Aug. 21.—It is learned here upon good authority that the American government has notified China that all negotiations for a new conventiion to discuss the Chinese exclusion act will be discontinued until the anti-American boycott is stopped, and has also given notice that China will be held responsible for any loss sustained by reason of the boycott.

The Chinese authorities state that they will take energetic steps to stop everything of an illegal or disorderly character, but that they cannot stop the boycott.

Washington, Aug. 21.—No informatiion could be obtained at the state department concerning the treaty negotiations alluded to in the above dispatch. The matter of holding China responsible for losses sustained by American citizens, it is presumed, refers to instructions sent to Minister Rockhill, directing him to inform the Chinese government that the United States would insist upon the fulfillment of treaty stipulations.

Shanghai, Aug. 21.—The boycott against American goods is evidently weakening, and the intended mission of former Minister Conger is considered to be entirely superfluous.

WILL OF NATION WILL RULE.

English Opinion Expects Continued Progress Towards Democracy.

London, Aug. 23.—English observers of the first rank attach great importance to the czar's outline of future government for Russia. They note that the sovereign power of the autocracy is sustained, but they believe the czar will incline to the will of the nation in a way to make public opinion in the last resort practically supreme.

It is pointed out by English publicists that the autocrracy is yielding to the voice of the nation. What it is doing already it may be expected to continue doing until Russia obtains the supremacy of the law and the sovereigntty of the people. It is strongly held that in this way and no other can the autocracy retain even the appearance of power.

BIRTH RATE IS LESS.

Statistics Show Decrease for Past Half Century.

Washington, Aug. 21.—"That there has been a persistent decline of the birth rate in the United States since 1860" is the conclusion reached in a bulletin issued by the census bureau. The bulletin was prepared by Prof. Walter F. Wilcox, of Cornell university, and it is explained that, although any analysis made offers many suggestions as to the probable tendencies in the birth rate of the United States, it is primarily not a study in birth rates, but a study in the proportion of children to the total population or total number of women of child-bearing age.

The result of the study shows that at the beginning of the nineteenth century the children under ten years of age constituted one-third and at the end less than one-fourth of the total population. The decrease in this proportion began as early as the decade 1810 to 1820 and continued uninterruptedly, though at varying rates, in each successive decade.

Ten and Twenty Year Periods.

Between the years 1850 and 1860 the proportion of children to women between 15 and 45 years increased, but since 1860 it has constantly decreased. It is stated that the decrease has been unequal from decade to decade, but that, if the computation is made upon the basis of twenty-year periods, it has been regular. In 1860 the number of children under 5 years of age to 1,000 women 15 to 45 years of age was 634; in 1900 it was only 474. The proportion of children to potential mothers in 1900 was only three-fourths as large as in 1860.

No attempt is made by the author of the bulletin to determine the probable cause of this decline. An extended argument by General Francis A. Walker is given, suggesting that it is largely due to the influx of foreigners and the resultant shock to the population instinct of the natives. But Professor Wilcox does not express a definite opinion, claiming that the vital statistices of the country are not sufficiently developed to afford a sound basis of judgment.

LORD CURZON RESIGNS BECAUSE OF FRICTION

London, Aug. 21 —The resignation of Lord Curzon of Keddleston as viceroy of India, and the appointment of the Earl of Minto as his successor, is announced at the Indian office.

According to the correspondence, which is issued in the form of a white book, it appears that Lord Curzon's resignation was cabled to that office on August 12. It shows a decidedly bitter feeling between Lord Curzon, the India office and Lord Kitchener, commander-in-chief of the forces in India, over the new plan of army administration in India.

Lord Curzon's dissatisfaction came to a head with the refusal of the cabinet to appoint Maj. Gen. Sir Edmund Barrow, on Lord Curzon's recommendation, military member of the council.

Replying on August 2 to the refusal of Mr. Brodrick, the secretary for India, to make this appointment, Lord Curzon requests that the government reconsider its decision, "in order to enable me to accept the responsibility which I infer his majesty's government still desires me to assume."

Feels Lack of Confidence.

Mr. Brodrick again refused to comply with the request for the appointment of Gen. Barrow, and Lord Curzon immediately tendered his resignation.

The resignation of Lord Curzon as viceroy of India, which is the chief theme of the morning newspapers, was discounted by previous reports that a disagreement was impending or that his resignation had been tendered, all of which had been steadily and flatly denied by Mr. Brodrick, secretary of state for India.

All of the editorial articles praise Lord Curzon's administration unstintedly and credit him with having done as great service in India as any of his predecessors, if not greater.

It is conceded that the Earl of Minto takes the reins at a difficult stage, but he is credited with ability equal to that of any man in England to grasp quickly and master the administrative work.

Collins Held for Extradition.

Victoria, B. C., Aug. 22.—George D. Collins, the lawyer who fled from San Francisco on July 9, when on trial for bigamy, and was arrested here on July 12 at the instance of the San Francisco police, has been committed for extradition. The prisoner cannot, under the law, be surrendered for fifteen days, and in the meantime will appeal.

Sixty Thousand Illegal Voters.

Philadelphia, Aug. 21.—According to a statement made by the director of public safety, based on a canvass made by the police, there are 60,000 names on the voting list of the city which under the law have no right to be there. The assessors in all the voting districts of the city will be asked to strike the alleged fraudulent names from the list.

Capt. Simpson Retires.

South Bend, Wash., Aug. 23.—Capt. A. M. Simpson, head of the Simpson Lumber Company, with mills here and at Knapton, Wash., and at North Bend, Or., will retire, transferring the management generally to his son, L. J. Simpson, who has gone from North Bend to San Francisco to take up the work at the head office.

FOR RECIPROCITY

CONFERENCE AT CHICAGO ADOPTS SOME RESOLUTIONS.

Maximum and Minimum Tariffs Advocated, the Same to Be Arranged by a Permanent Tariff Commission to Be Created by Congress.

Chicago, Aug. 18.—The reciprocity conference called to devise means of bettering the trade relations between the United States and foreign countries, has finished the work for which the meeting was called, arranged for a committee to prosecute the plans of the convention and formed a permanent organization styled the "American Reciprocal Tariff League." The committee, which will consist of fifteen members to be appointed by the chair, was given power to organize and promote the work for which the convention assembled.

The resolutions adopted advocate maximum and minimum tariffs and suggest that such reciprocal concessions be arranged by a permanent tariff commission to be created by congress and to be appointed by the president.

Resolutions Adopted.

The following resolutions were adopted:

"The national reciprocity convention, representing more than 200 agricultural, commercial and industrial associations of the United States by delegates, assembled at Chicago, August 16 and 17, 1905, hereby makes the following declaration of principles:

"Whereas, the agricultural, manufacturing and other industries of this country have expanded to such an extent that they can no longer depend upon the home market for the consumption of their entire product; and

"Whereas, the export trade has become a vital support to many of our industries; and

"Whereas, the present commercial attitude of the United States, largely owing to our failure to carry into effect the reciprocity trade provisions of Section 4 of the Dingley law, is antagonistic to foreign nations, whose good will we desire and on whom we have hitherto depended as purchasers of our surplus products, therefore be it

"Resolved, first, That this convention, recognizing the principle of protection as the established policy of our country, advocates reciprocal concessions by means of a dual or maximum and minimum tariff as the one practical method of relieving at this time the strained situation with which we are now confronted.

"Resolved, second, That the question of the schedules and items to be considered in such reciprocal concessions preferably be suggested by a permanent tariff commission to be created by congress and appointed by the president which shall consist of economic, industrial and commercial experts.

"Resolved, third, That we urge action upon congress at the earliest time possible.

"We recommend that a permanent organization be formed under the style of American Reciprocal Tariff League; and that a committee of fifteen be appointed by the chair to have full power to organize and further prosecute the work for which the convention has assembled. Said committee shall have power to increase its membership and to fill vacancies when necessary. That the chairman be requested to confer with the committee on arrangements and the various organizations represented at this convention, and take the time needed for the proper selection of suitable members."

"DUAL TARIFF" MAY BE POLITICAL SLOGAN

Chicago, Aug. 16.—"Dual tariff" in all probability is the war cry which will ring through the United States for some years to come, instead of the familiar call for reciprocity. The new slogan means the passage of a "maximum and minimum" tariff law, permitting the establishment of reciprocal trade relations with friendly foreign countries by the vote of congress. Alvin H. Sanders, chairman of the executive committee of the national reciprocity conference, which is now in session at the Illinois theater, is credited with originating the war cry.

Mr. Saunders broached his suggestion to a few friends after the word reciprocity had received rough handling on the floor of the convention, and it met with approval among the delegates.

The convention has assembled to discuss reciprocal trade relations with other countries, amendment of the Dingley tariff law, alterations of the interstate commerce law and kindred matters.

A notable feature of the conference was the attendance of foreign consuls resident in Chicago, representing nearly every country in the world.

Arraigns the Administration.

San Francisco, Aug. 23.—The grand jury which has been in session in this city for some time, has filed its final report and has been discharged. The report, which contains about 35,000 words, is a scathing arraignment of the present municipal administration.

Favor Home Rule for Ireland.

Perth, Scotland, Aug. 18.—The Perth assembly has carried a motion for home rule for Ireland by a vote of 21 to 9.

MUST PAY THEIR TAXES.

Foreign Corporation No Better Than Home Institution.

Olympia, Aug. 23.—Foreign corporations in this state are entitled to fair treatment but no favors, and they must pay taxes on tax certificates, says the state tax commission in a letter sent to S. G. Noble, assessor of Lincoln county. The letter refers to the delinquent tax certificates of F. A. Holman, agent of the Vermont Loan and Trust Company, who claims exemption from taxation on the grounds that they are a corporation organized under the laws of Vermont, and that it is an illegal assessment.

The tax commission says: "A foreign corporation doing business in this state as provided by law becomes, for the purposes of assessment and taxation, a domestic corporation.

"The legislature in providing the rules under which a foreign corporation can do business in this state, very clearly intends this class of corporations to have fair treatment but no favors.

"This class of personal property should be assessed in the county where the foreign corporation has its principal office or place of business, and if the office of the company is not in Lincoln county you should ascertain in which county it is situated and send to the assessor for that county a list of the certificates owned by the company, so that they may be put on the rolls in the county entitled to assess them."

TO NEGOTIATE TERMS.

Storthing Plans for Conference With Sweden on Dissolution.

Christiania, Aug. 23—The storthing has adopted by a vote of 104 to 11 the proposals of the government for the formal opening of negotiations with Sweden for the dissolution of the union.

The passage of the resolution relating to the opening of negotiations with Sweden for the dissolution of the union was not secured without obstinate resistance on the part of the radical and socialist factions, whose program was to prevent negotiations with Sweden. The crushing majority of the government, however, shows that the storthing and the people are anxionus to secure an amicable settlement. The government is firmly opposed to any change in its proposals, evidently wishing to meet the riksdag half way.

The committee on negotiations probably will be appointed at once, and will consist of Minister Loveland, C. C. Berner, president of the storthing, and former Minister of the Interior Vogt. It is believed in authoritative circles that Sweden is now inclined to concede the candidacy of Prince Bernadotte.

RAILWAY STATISTICS.

Figures Taken From Report of Interstate Commission.

Washington, Aug. 21.—The annual report of the interstate commerce commission, giving the railroad statistics for the year 1904, shows that there were at the end of that year 297,073 miles of railroad in the United States.

The number of railroad corporations included in the report was 2,104.

In the course of the year railway companies owning 500 miles were reorganized or merged.

The mileage operated by receivers was 1,312. The number of roads in the hands of receivers was 28, and at the close of the previous year 27.

The number of persons on the payrolls of the railways was 1,294,121, or 611 per 100 miles. The wages and salaries paid for the year amounted to $817,598,810.

The par value of the railroad capital outstanding on June 30, 1904, was $13,213,124,679, which represents a capitalization of $64,265 per mile.

Of the total capital stock outstanding 42.53 per cent paid dividends.

The gross earnings were $1,985,174,091, being $74,327,184 greater than for the previous year. The operating expenses were $1,388,896,253, an increase of $81,357,401.

The total casualties to persons on the railways was 94,201, of which 10,046 represented the number of persons killed.

BENNINGTON VERDICT.

Ensign Wade Held to Have Been Responsible.

Washington, Aug. 22.—Secretary Bonaparte yesterday received and, as soon as he had himself read the findings of the court of inquiry which investigated the explosion of the gunboat Bennington at San Diego, Cal., on July 21, made them public.

The findings set at rest the stories that had been circulated to the effect that the Bennington's boilers, and perhaps those of other vessels of the same age, were defective.

The court found the explosion resulted from the closing of a valve which connected the exploded boiler with its steam gauge, so that the pressure on the boiler may have been several hundred pounds to the square inch when the accident occurred.

The board recommends courtmartial proceedings for the only one of the survivors who could be held responsible—Ensign Davis.

According to the report, "the ship was in an excellent state of discipline and in a good and efficient condition, with the exception of her boilers, which were in fair condition and efficient, considering their age, (about fourteen years) and the use to which they had been subjected."

To Investigate Zinc Deposits.

Ottawa, Ont., Aug. 23.—Renton Ingalls, M. E. O., of New York, will head an expedition which will leave shortly to investigate the zinc deposits in British Columbia. The investigating party will meet at Nelson, B. C., about September 1.

T. J. APPLETON, M. D.
OCULIST AND
GENERAL PRACTITIONER
X-RAY

JAMES STEWART
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Offices on Front Street
PORT ANGELES, WASH.

GEORGE VENABLE SMITH
ATTORNEY AND
COUNSELLOR AT LAW
LAUREL ST. PORT ANGELES, WASH.

Straight Teeth
Crooked teeth spoil the harmony of the face. Sometimes almost to deformity. They can be easily
Straightened
Consultation Free
S. R. Wagoner, D. D. S.
Rooms 354-6 Arcade Building, SEATTLE

McIvor & Swanson
...BLACKSMITHS
Horseshoeing, Wagons and Farm Implements Repaired
SHOP ON LAUREL STREET
McIvor's Old Stand

FIRE INSURANCE
J. LLOYD ALDWELL
Broker
GENERAL INSURANCE
Fire, Life, Accident, Liability
Agent for
Elaterite Roofing
(Mineral Rubber)
The best permanent roofing in the market

Buff Orpingtons
and
White Wyandottes
Took first prizes at Tacoma. Cockerels for sale and eggs for hatching in season
G. V. SMITH
4th and Peabody Sts. Port Angeles

Fitzgerald's Market
Port Angeles' New Meat Shop
Clean, fresh and wholesome. Choice stock of fresh and salt meat. All vegetables in season. Children coming to market will be accorded the same fair treatment as their elders. 3 doors west of Bank of Clallam County
JAMES FITZGERALD
Proprietor

The People's Market
WOLF & AHLVERS, Props.
NEW SHOP JUST OPENED
Fresh and Salt Meats, the Best
Everything Clean and Fresh
McGill Building, Next to Postoffice

Seattle Net and Twine Manufacturing Company
SEATTLE, WASH.
Manufacturers of Cotton Fish Netting of every description. Write for prices. Correspondence solicited
312-316 Second Avenue, SEATTLE

Advertise in
The Democrat-Leader

Advertise in
The Olympic Leader

Crystal Steam Laundry
LEASE & CLEGG, Props.
Goods Called For and Delivered
Special Rates to Families,
Hotels and Restaurants
Located on Laurel Street, Opposite Kirschberg's

Filion Mill and Lumber Co.
Manufacturers of and dealers in Rough and Dressed Lumber, Lath, Shiplap, Rustic Siding, Plain and Fancy Casing, Etc. The best Cedar Shingles Made.
Office and mill on Lincoln Heights.

H. C. MILLER
Real Estate Agent
Lists Any Property for Sale or Rent

NEW GOODS AT THE Chinese and Japanese Bazaar
A handsome new line of goods just received. Big stock to select from. Japanese novelties, silks, handkerchiefs, bamboo and wickerware in all shapes, new china, etc. Call before purchasing elsewhere
HONG, YUONG & CO.
LING TOY, Manager Phone 25

Peaches
for Canning

Will have them in stock all next week

Port Angeles Grocery Co.

'PHONE 38

J. C. HANSEN, C. E. CUSHING

— THE —

OLYMPIC = LEADER

Published Every Friday at Port Angeles by The Webster Publishing Co.

THE OFFICIAL PAPER OF CLALLAM COUNTY

Entered as Second-class Matter in the Post Office at Port Angeles, Washington.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN CLALLAM COUNTY.

Subscription Price $1 per year.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 25, 1905.

THE WATER SYSTEM.

Our statement last week, to the effect that the charges for water, considering the average quality of the service throughout the year, are exhorbitant, has been questioned by some and we refer to the matter again. We had in mind a plant in an Iowa town—a town which, though larger, probably has no more water takers than we have here in Angeles. The mains and pipes, as a protection from frost, were laid six feet under the surface, from two to four feet of the trenches being cut down in limestone rock, where blasting had to be resorted to in many places Here, the pipes are laid anywere from a foot or two beneath to fifty feet above ground, and there are many long stretches unprotected in any way from the heat of the sun in summer. All those who have taken a drink from the old tin cup at the intake below the quarry know that the water is cooler in the open stream than when it passes under ground to our faucets in town. In this eastern city two very deep wells are utilized, and two powerful engines and pumps are kept constantly at work forcing the water up into the 100-foot steel stand pipe. Here a mile or so of "tin eavespouting" is laid up the valley, and at the end a reservoir which could be built by any energetic man in a couple of hours.

The charges for water, there, are regulated by the size of the house. For those similar to the larger residences in Angeles, the charge is $1.25 per quarter, $5.00 per year; less for smaller houses. Here, no matter how small the quantity used; no matter how frequently nor for what length of time we may be entirely without water, owing to the miserable condition of the plant; nor what inconvenience and expense we may have, we pay $12.00 per year.

In those Iowa towns, the plants pay expenses, including fuel, salaries of engineers and firemen both day and night, interest on bonds, and leave a surplus of from $200 to $500 per year, depending on how close to cost water is furnished to the consumer. Plants are kept in repair, and mains extended from year to year. Here, a large portion of the city, including one whole section, is entirely without water and fire protection—and even in the more favored portion of the town no man knows whether or no he can draw a chaser in the morning.

Here, even in the business district, we have practically no protection from fire; there, when the always ready pressure is applied at the power house, the hose comes pretty nearly handling the men instead of the men the hose.

Of course the people own the plants, and the people have their water systems to pay for. For this purpose a two mill tax is levied. But there is no hydrant rental. Here the tax payer pays for the plant in increased cost to the consumers and in hydrant rentals, and having paid for it, owns nothing.

However, it is not the cost of water that concerns us in Port Angeles. It is the fact that the company owning the plant not only has failed to maintain the plant in ordinary repair, but also to extend the system in keeping with the growth of the city. It is the fact that people living in sections as thickly settled as any cannot get water; their property when improved is not worth what it would be when all are favored alike, and the fact that we have practically no fire protection that concerns us.

The extension of the franchise, tho already too long to run, may not of itself be a material matter, but the supreme gall of asking for a contract with city for hydrant service for a period of thirty years, makes us all exceedingly weary.

RESOLUTION PASSED.

The council, at its last meeting, endorsed the application of the Peninsular Ry. Co. for lease of the spit. By this lease, if secured, the railroad company will have ample land for trackage purposes and will have all but one mile, at the outer end, for use as sites of lumber mills, canneries, factories, etc, In making its application the company states that the spit is and always has been unused, and that its use for industrial purposes is absolutely necessary to the future growth and development of the railroad and of the city, all of which is doubtless true. By the terms of the lease, if granted, it will become void if the company fails to build and operate its road to the Quillayute Valley.

If we consider the Peninsular road, if it be built, as a logging road, it may be that the lease is a fair proposition alike to them and to the city. It will furnish them room for yards and for booming logs, which they should have, and it will enable lumber mills to secure sufficient room without being compelled to pay an exhorbitant price for a site. On the other hand, if one looks ahead to the possible time when Port Angeles, in the course of development of the whole sound country, shall become a city, the company, having a fifty years lease, would practically own two-thirds of the water front of the bay and it's an even chance as to whether their policy in regard thereto might hinder or help development. At any rate, every argument that could be advanced in favor of the endorsement of the Peninsular's application would apply with far greater force to the idea of the city obtaining such rights in its own name.

Now that the P. S. Navigation Company has decided to abandon its Townsend-Victoria run, it would seem that they could afford to do a little better by us down this way. Beginning November 1st, the Whatcom will be withdrawn and the Rosalie will make one round trip a day between Seattle and Townsend, leaving the Victoria business entirely to the Canadian company. When the new steamer Indianapolis is put on the Seattle-Townsend run next spring, making two round trips per day, the Canadian company will run its boats between Vancouver and Townsend, transferring its passengers there to the P.S.N. Co.'s boats. We should then have either the Whatcom or the Rosalie for one round trip a day between here and Townsend, connecting with the Indianapolis.

The Port Angeles Hospital is just now crowded with patients, mostly women, who have been under surgical treatment, and all of the patients agree in praising the sympathetic and intelligent work of the young women who are nurses there. The trained nurse is a blessing anywhere and these young women are doing an especially blessed work now. Under their watchful care every case is improving, and the hearts of the patients are cheered by these lady-like, purposeful young women.

The Townsend Call reports a visit from M. R. Hunt who represents the Eastern iron syndicate that has leased the iron mines in Texada Island; the company expects to start up the smelter at Irondale, on Townsend Bay. Hunt was accompanied by Carrigan, receiver for the Pacific Steel company which owns the plant.

People who start camp fires on the sand spit and leave the same to burn among the dry logs and driftwood should remember that they are trespassing on government property and doing great damage at the same time, and are liable to be called to account by the Light House Board, and possibly have heavy damages to pay.

The Ohio, Monadnock, Oregon and Wisconsin compose the present battleship squadron of the Pacific fleet. It is expected that the Oregon will shortly return for a thorough overhauling; her refitting will be one of the largest projects sent to a navy yard.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS

Councilman Hallahan made verbal report as to nature of repairs made on engine at Seattle and by machinist brought here, and further reported that since then piston had given out and had to be sent to shop for repairs; would probably be returned by Thursday.

City attorney reported, advising council that labor certificates presented by Mr. Conroy for payment of warrant would not bear interest for reason that they had not been presented to Treasurer for payment, as was required by law in case of warrants, and therefore an Indebtedness Fund Warrant should be issued in redemption of such certificates for face value only. Report adopted.

Dr. Lewis and James Stewart came before the council and were heard in matter of application of the Port Angeles and Peninsular R. R. Co. for endorsement by the council of their petition to the Light House Board for lease of portion of Ediz Hook for railroad and commercial purposes, opposing such endorsement by the council.

Claims allowed: Firemen's services at Morse Dock fire, $51; Lewis Supply Co., supplies, $2.95; Dell Church, services, $6.80.

Resolution directing the payment by Indebt. Fund Warrant of labor certificates, total of $76.69, was adopted.

Councilman Hallahan called up matter of irregularity in rates for light consumption, recommending that an ordinance be passed providing for an equitable rate and fixing uniform charges. Light committee and city attorney were directed to prepare such ordinance.

Resolution indorsing the Peninsular Ry. Co.'s application for lease of spit was offered by Councilman Grubb and adopted. Brumfield, Grubb, Hallahan and Polhamus voting aye, and Murphy and Thompson voting no.

The new office and recitation room building, on the South Side of Central School, is going up rapidly under the supervision of Van Brunt, and will make a very neat addition to the grounds. It will take the place of the room at the rear of the Methodist church, heretofore used. Furniture for the room was purchased this week and it is expected that it will be in readiness by opening of school, September 11th.

B.P.O.E.—Naval lodge No. 353, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, at I.O.O.F, hall on Front st., bet. Laurel and Lincoln sts. Visitors cordially invited. FRED C. POOLE, Ex. Ruler.
E. D. ELLIOTT, Secretary.

I.O.O.F—Clallam Lodge, No. 72, meets every Monday evening at I.O.O.F. hall
J. J. MCKECHNIE, N. G.
C. A. BORK, Secretary

The RACYCLE is the best wheel made. Took grand prize at St. Louis Fair. For sale by Lewis Supply Co. First street, Port Angeles. Write for circular.

NOTICE.

We buy and sell horses, milch cows, fat cattle, sheep and hogs to any amount. Cash advanced on any live stock. See or write Tom. Watson or Arthur Watson.

SEGUIN NOTES.

The Native Sons and Daughters, Old Settlers, and Chee Charkos of Clallam, Jefferson, and elsewhere, gathered at Seguin on Sunday last to help make merry the annual picnic of the Native Sons and Daughters. At ten o'clock the good ship Dauntless landed at Washington Harbor, where some delay was caused by the shortage of wagons, as she had arrived a little earlier than was expected. However, everybody was transferred to the Prairie, when the fires were started and Patriarch Kuhn took charge of the clam bake. While the rocks were being heated the immense crowd was entertained with speeches from the Hon. Allen Weir, Lieut.-Gov. Coon, A. A. F. Leonard and B. F. Pettygrove. Then came the feast, and the base ball game between the Townsend Colts and Seguin Stars, which resulted in a victory for the Colts, by a score of 5 to 1.

At 4:00 the carriages were brought out and the excursionists taken to their boat, a tired but happy crowd. The day was an ideal one for the sports and all seemed to enjoy it. There were 160 passengers from Townsend and a large number of Angeles people drove over. Not an unpleasant incident marred the pleasures of the day.

J. L. Keeler and family are camping at the forks of the Dungeness river.

J. T. Angavin's family are camping at his logging camp on the old J. B. Dick place.

Henry Hill is spending a few days vacation with Leon Nebergall at the Cougar mill.

Cays & Collins pulled their big steam thresher through Seguin Monday last. It is certainly large enough to break down most of the irrigation bridges.

E. T. Huff returned last Friday from a visit in British Columbia.

Geo. McConnell and family leave the first of September for their home on San Juan Island.

Bert Simdars was doing the Fair the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Main buried their infant son on Monday last in the Seguin cemetary.

Master Hammond Keeler entertained about thirty of his playmates on Tuesday last, it being the seventh anniversary of his birth.

Married.

At the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. E. Winters, East of town, Sunday, August 10, 1905, at 11:30 a. m., Mr. John W. Pike, and Miss Sibyl S. Winters, Rev. C. E. Fulmer officiating. The wedding was a pretty home affair, attended by family relatives and a few friends of the bride and groom. The bride was attended by Miss Ada Mathewson, and Mr. John Winters, brother of the bride, acted as best man. Under the Stars and Stripes, artistically draped, and dainty bunches of sweet peas, roses and trailing vines, the bridal party stood. After the ceremony the friends sat down to a wedding dinner which was of the choicest, and in the evening the bride and groom accompanied their friend, Mrs. Hanson, of Dungeness, home, and took the boat from there for Seattle, Portland and other upsound points. The bride is a very lovable young woman and has lived most all her life in the home from which she departed a happy bride, and is one of Clallam County's daughters. The groom is a valued employee of the Filion Mill Co., and is an agreeable young man. They have the best wishes of a host of friends. The bride was the recipient of many valuable and beautiful presents.

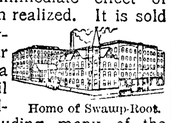
They will be at home on Tumwater Hill, after September 15th.

Women as Well as Men Are Made Miserable by Kidney Trouble.

Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased.

Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys. If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy. The mild and the immediate effect of **Swamp-Root** is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper.



Home of Swamp-Root.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghampton, N. Y., on every bottle.

Walker & Harp's

10¼ ounce

Cotton Batts

Medicated, Guaranteed Absolutely Pure and Clean

Special Price

8 Batts for $1.00

Phelps Dry Goods Co.

County Warrants.

County School and Road District Warrants wanted. Send list for prices.

W. D. PERKINS & Co., Bankers,

Seattle, Wash.

SUMMONS.

No.——

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam county.

H. C. Miller, Plaintiff, vs. J. A. Cameron and K. S. Cameron, his wife, Defendants.

The State of Washington to the said J. A. Cameron and K. S. Cameron, his wife, Defendants:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit, within sixty days after the 28th day of August, 1905, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorneys for the plaintiff, at their office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of the said court.

That the object of this action is to recover judgment against you in the sum of One Hundred and Fifty Dollars with interest thereon from the 17th day of January, 1905, according to the terms of a certain promissory note, and to have a certain deed for lots seven (7) and ten (10) in block thirty-five (35) of Norman R. Smith's Subdivision of the Townsite of Port Angeles, made by you to the Citizens National Bank of Port Angeles, declared to be a mortgage and the same foreclosed.

TRUMBULL & TRUMBULL,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

P. O. address, Port Angeles, Clallam Washington.

First publication, August 25, 1905.

PROBATE NOTICE.

No. 341.

In the Superior Court of Clallam county, State of Washington.

In the matter of the estate of Henry Taylor, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given, that letters of Administration on the estate of Henry Taylor, deceased, were granted to the undersigned, on the 5th day of August, 1905, by the Superior Court of Clallam county.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them to me for allowance at Sequim, Washington, within 12 months after the date of this notice or they shall be forever barred.

Dated this the 24th day of August 1905.

MATHEW FLEMING, Administrator.
A. A. RICHARDSON, Attorney.
Date of first publication, August 25, 1905.

A fine line of powerful field glasses at the Second Hand Store,

P. J. WILLIAMS

The Old Reliable

JEWELER

WATCH REPAIRING A SPECIALTY

Save Money!

By placing your order in my charge at an Early Date, before you build—those who live convenient to my mill in vicinity of INDIAN VALLEY OR LAKES. I now have a

Planer and Matcher.

E. B. GRIFFIN

A. D. WILLSON
Undertaker
—AND—
Embalmer

17 Years Practical Experience.

FIRST ST.

EAST OF LAUREL, PORT ANGELES

J. P. HAWKES
Real Estate . . . .
Timber Lands a Specialty

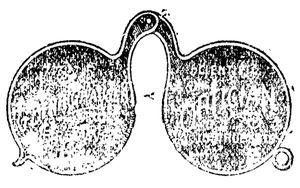
Post box 176, Port Angeles Wash

Distance Is No Drawback!

Illustrated Catalogue
Gem Business College
Seattle, Wash.
Shorthand & Bookkeeping, etc.

Let us tell you about it.
Write us at once.

Watches and Diamonds



SEATTLE

Are You Going to the Lakes?

We have just received a new supply of the celebrated

Headlight Spoons

The only spoon that the fish are taking at the lakes.

We also carry a complete line of

Rods, Lines, Reels, Flies, Hooks and Spoons.

We can supply you with **Films for your Kodak** and also have **Souvenir Postals and Views** of Port Angeles and vicinity.

Call on us or drop us a line.

MAIL ORDERS **C. E. NAILOR & Co.** ARE SOLICITED

PRESCRIPTION DRUGGISTS

Phone 41

ABOUT PEOPLE.

Second Hand Fruit Jars at Baker's.

A good organ for sale. Inquire of L. T. Haynes.

When in town call on Baker, the Second Hand Man.

Mrs. Bayton returned from a visit to Portland Wednesday.

Miss Flossie Belford returned on Tuesday from an up-sound visit.

Get your photo supplies at Fulmer's Studio. Full line of Anti-Trust goods.

Miss Edith Hart of Seattle arrived Wednesday for a two weeks visit with Miss Bayton.

Order Hill's Manual of Social and Business Forms, of agent,
16 MRS. J.M. TAFT.

Mrs. E. F. Bucklin and daughter of Seattle came down on Wednesday; Mrs. Bucklin is visiting Mrs. Jordan and Miss Mary Louise is a guest at the Oscar Morse home.

Mrs. Martin Moore of Ellsworth Falls, and Mrs. Edwin Irgraham of Camden, Maine, were guests of their cousin, Auditor Smith, from Tuesday till Thursday; they had been visiting in California, at Portland, and at Port Townsend. Mrs. J. A. Smith accompanied them from Townsend to see her little grandchild.

Garden City Catsup. These are excellent goods at a very low price. While they last, 10c and 15c per bottle.
T. S. Brophy & Co.

Suffering

Will Not Help Your Disease, but Will Weaken Your Nerves.

Folks who think it is better to bear pain than soothe it—are wrong.

Old-fashioned doctors used to say it was better, because they had nothing with which to ease pain but dangerous, heart-paralyzing drugs.

But now, that a safe remedy has been found, Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills, it is wrong to suffer, for nothing can be gained but weakened nerves.

A safe rule to remember is: When in pain, take an Anti-Pain Pill.

This will soothe your quivering nerves.

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills relieve pain by restoring the natural secretions, in which they differ from opium and similar narcotic drugs, which relieve pain by checking the action of the glands.

They are sure and harmless, and are the latest medical treatment for the cure of Headache, Neuralgia, Backache, Rheumatism, Dizziness, Toothache, Stomachache, Menstrual (Monthly) Pains. Also nerve irritations like Sea-Sickness, Car-Sickness, Sleeplessness, Indigestion, etc.

Pleasant to take, quick in results.

"I have used Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills for sick, nervous headache, and have received the best results. I heartily recommend their curative properties, for they are successful."—REV. RAY A. WATROS, D. D., Iowa City, Ia.

Sold by druggists, at 25c. Money back if first box does not help. Never sold in bulk.

FREE Write to us for Free Trial Package of Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills, the New Scientific Remedy for Pain. Also Symptom Blank. Our Specialist will diagnose your case, tell you what is wrong, and how to right it, Free. DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., LABORATORIES, ELKHART, IND.

We have "Log Cabin" maple syrup. E. E. Seevers.

H. E. Lutz came down from Seattle Saturday.

John Chenery is the handy man at the Seevers' grocery during the absence of Mr. Kearny.

R. Eacrett, Sr., has moved to his home on East Front Street.

The Triumph water proof clothing for men. No more oilskins. Sold by Times Clothing Mart.

Mrs. Eugene Hopkins and daughter left Wednesday for a two weeks visit with friends in Seattle and Tacoma.

Try our Spanish American pork and and beans. 10c per can.
T. S. Brophy & Co.

Miss Anna Trumbull left this morning for Townsend where she will visit for a week before taking up her school duties at Startup, Wn.

Oscar Bye of Twin was a pleasant caller yesterday; he will read the Olympic-Leader this year, as also will Amand Stange of East Clallam.

Mrs. Ed. Graves and baby, who have been visiting in Vancouver for a month past, returned Saturday; Mr. Graves went over to accompany them home.

Miss Maud Muskett and Master Frank Muskett of Vancouver arrived Saturday for a visit at the home of their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Muskett.

Rev. W. H. Whelan has accepted an invitation to hold services on the Marblehead at 2:30 p. m. Sunday. The officers and men will have a fine address.

Mr. Glassburn, from Illinois, and J. Smith, of Vincennes, Ind., nephews of Albert Smith, who have been visiting the Portland fair, arrived Monday for a season of outdoor recreation.

Prof. I. L. Ullery, of the city schools, returned Monday from Portland, where he had been doing the Fair and enjoying a trip up the Columbia, after attending the summer session of the State University, Seattle.

Mrs. Prof. Boutelle and children of Tacoma and Mrs. Keating from Creston, Iowa, old-time friends of Mrs. E. A. FitzHenry at her former home in Iowa, were her guests from Monday till Wednesday of this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Scott Perkins returned Tuesday from a weeks trip to Seattle and Tacoma. Mr. Perkins made arrangements to enter the State University, while at Seattle, probably taking the course in pharmacy.

After a hearty meal a dose of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure will prevent an attack of Indigestion. Kodol is a thorough digestant and a guaranteed cure for Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Gas on the Stomach, Weak Heart, Sour Risings, Bad Breath and all Stomach troubles. Sold by C. E. Nailor & Co.

Whereas, oilskins are simply made from well oiled muslin, which cracks and is easily damaged and rendered useless. The Triumph Clothing for the man who works is solid comfort. Made up on a denim and then proofed by a secret process the Triumph Clothing bids fair to cut out all oilskin clothing. Price, $2.50 suit. Sole agents, Times Clothing Mart.

Nothing on the Market Equal to Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

This fact is well known to druggists everywhere, and nine out of ten will give their customers this preparation when the best is asked for. Mr. Obe Witmer, a prominent druggist of Joplin, Mo., in a circular to his customers, says: "There is nothing on the market in the way of patent medicine which equals Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for bowel complaints. We sell and recommend this preparation." For sale by W. J. Mathewson.

"Argo" oil is the best lamp oil to buy. Get it of Seevers.

Mrs. L. B. Troy, Olympia, is here visiting her daughter-in-law, Mrs. J. W. Troy.

W. S. Miller and family, of Port Crescent, were Angeles visitors over Sunday.

We sell the famous "Judge" brand brand salmon. E. E. Seevers.

The Ladies Aid of the Baptist Church have discontinued their meetings for the summer.

The Episcopal Sunday school hold their annual picnic at Civic Park to-morrow, Saturday.

Mr. Yerkes came down from Seattle today for a visit at the Adam Reis home on Morse Creek.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Hansen enjoyed a visit from C. R. McAllister, of Seattle, the first of the week.

Mrs. Jensen and daughter, Miss Kate, left Monday for a visit at Portland and to take in the exposition.

Seevers wants to sell you one of those three lb. cans Mocha and Java coffee for $1.00.

Mrs. H. J. Bugge, of Port Williams, accompanied Mr. Bugge on his trip to the county seat this week.

Mr. Camm, of the Marblehead's crew, will sing "The Holy City" at the Baptist church on Sunday next.

Mrs. and Mrs. T. S. Brophy are entertaining their sister, Miss Brophy, with a trip to Lake Crescent this week.

Worcester Club Sauce, a delicious sauce for enriching gravies, meats, fish, etc. 10c per bottle.
T. S. Brophy & Co.

Miss Tot Dick, of Seattle, who has been visiting in Dungeness, arrived today for a visit with her sisters and many friends here.

Thos. S. Clark, Dungeness, was an Angeles visitor today; he will also be a reader of the Olympic-Leader in the future.

The Baptist Church is now free from debt again, the returns from Rev. Whelan's lecture having proved sufficient for that purpose.

Mrs. Alice M. Raymond leaves tomorrow for an extended visit with her daughters in Portland and to take in the Portland Fair.

Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Morse will entertain a number of invited guests at a dancing party in Haning Hall this evening in honor of Miss Bucklin.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Smith are anticipating a visit from his sisters and their families, from Chicago, a party of 12 in all, about the 10th of October.

Miss Fraser, who has been visiting Miss Buck the past two weeks will return home to Bellingham Monday; Miss Buck will accompany her, later visiting in Seattle.

Dr. and Mrs. Appleton have been enjoying a visit from the former's sister-in-law and niece, Mrs. Appleton and Miss Rose Appleton, this week; they left for home this morning.

Monday evening, August 21st, Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Doyle were very agreeably surprised by a number of their young lady friends. A very enjoyable evening was passed at this hospitable home.

A. D. Wolverton and family are enjoying a visit from his sister-in-law, Mrs. W. A. Andrew, who arrived Wednesday, from Couer d'Alene, Idaho. They had not seen each other for thirteen years.

Mrs. E. G. Johnson would be pleased to meet any ladies who may desire further information, which will be given free, regarding the laws of nature, at her room, No. 6, Angeles Lodging House. She will be here until Wednesday.

Fishermen use it.
Hunters use it.
Farmers use it
Cannery men use it.
All men use it in wet weather.
The Triumph Waterproof Clothing.
Sold only by Times Clothing Mart.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Cushing left for Seattle this morning to superintend the furnishing of their new hotel, which they hope to have opened ready for guests in a few days. The best wishes of every person in Port Angeles for an unqualified success are theirs. Mrs. Cushing will return in a few days to make final arrangements for their moving to Seattle.

Never in the way, no trouble to carry, easy to take, pleasant and never failing in results are DeWitt's Little Early Risers. These famous little pills are a certain guarantee against headache, biliousness, torpid liver and all of the ills resulting from constipation. They tonic and strengthen the liver. Sold by C. E. Nailor & Co.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Shelpman had the pleasure of entertaining two old-time friends, the Misses Collier, of Seattle, this week. They were much surprised at the change in Angeles, not having been here for fourteen years, and were also favorably impressed with the good roads—that to Seguin being fine, with the exception of a few mud-holes caused by not properly caring for irrigation ditches.

MRS. ALDWELL AT REST.

Last Sunday evening the sad news was sent from friend to friend that Mrs. J. Lloyd Aldwell, who had been seriously ill at the hospital, had passed away at 7:00 p. m., and many hearts were saddened that this good woman had left our midst. It seems so short a time since she came here a bride, and by her winning ways and lovable disposition became one of the most popular ladies in our little city.

She was the possessor not only of a very pleasing personality, but of a beautiful voice for which years of study and training had done much. It was always a pleasure to listen to her singing and as she thoroughly enjoyed music herself her friends were always sure of a kindly response. She was a member and ardent worker in the Episcopal Church, also organized the Altar Guild and was one of the most enthusiastic members of St. Andrew's Guild. She organized and was president of the Musical Club, where she will be sadly missed.

The funeral was held at the Episcopal church, Wednesday afternoon at one o'clock. The church could not begin to seat the many friends who came to pay their last respects to the departed. Loving and thoughtful hands had made the room beautiful with floral offerings, several of the pieces being presented by the different societies of which she was a member and were exceptionally beautiful. Flowers were also strewn in the aisles. The minister, Rev. Cheal, spoke in the highest terms of Mrs. Aldwell, saying she was one of the most exemplary Christians and also one of the loveliest characters he had ever known. Mrs. Cushing very sweetly sang, "Abide With Me."

Mrs. Aldwell's maiden name was Frederica Wilhelmina Paul and she was born in Meaford, Ontario, Canada, September 26, 1872; she was married October 12, 1901, and came to Port Angeles where she has lived most of the time until her death, August 20, 1905. Her parents died when she was a child and she was brought up by an elder sister, who was a loving mother to the seven children left to her care—five boys and two girls. This elder sister passed away just a few weeks ago, and her death was a sad blow to Mrs. Aldwell. The remaining sister, Miss Rebecca Paul, with a cousin, Miss Mary Upland, upon hearing how dangerously ill Mrs. Aldwell was, started at once to come and help care for her, but arrived two days after her death and so with aching hearts saw this second sister laid away to rest. An infant daughter and a devoted husband also have the sympathy of the whole community in this sad bereavement.

W. F. Kearny, the gentlemanly clerk at the Seevers grocery store, received the sad intelligence by wire yesterday of the death by accident of a sister at Seattle, and left for there this morning. No particulars. Only last week Mr. Kerney's mother and another sister were visiting him here.

The pills that act as a tonic, and not as a drastic purge, are DeWitt's Little Early Risers. They cure Headache, Constipation, Biliousness, Jaundice, etc. Early Risers are small and easy to take and easy to act. Sold by C. E. Nailor & Co.

Scene—Neah Bay.

First Fisherman:—Drenched to the skin as usual, might as well be naked.

Second Fisherman:—Sure, Mike, I am as dry as an old bone in the Triumph Clothing I bought of old Muskett at the Times Clothing Mart.

Mr. West, packer from the Hot Springs, met with an accident on his last trip in, dislocating his elbow. The horses became frightened at a loosened saddle and in jumping Mr. West fell over a steep place. He attended to his arm himself and is now all right again.

Sick headache results from a disordered condition of the stomach and is quickly cured by Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. For sale by W. J. Mathewson.

Golden Gate Coffee. A high grade Mocha and Java blend. 40c per lb; 2 lbs for 75c. T. S. Brophy & Co.

R. S. Eckridge, a prominent attorney of Seattle, and a large owner of timber lands in Clallam county, arrived Thursday and will be in town several days.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Cosser, Wednesday, 16th, a son. Both mother and child are doing well.

HERBINE

Renders the bile more fluid and thus helps the blood to flow; it affords prompt relief from biliousness, indigestion, sick and nervous headaches, and the over-indulgence in food and drink. Herbine acts quickly, a dose after meals will bring the patient into a good condition in a few days.

G. L. Caldwell, Agt. M.K. and T.R.R. Checotah, Ind. Ter., writes, April 18, 1903: "I was sick for over two years with enlargement of the spleen. The doctors did me no good, and I had given up all hope of being cured, when my druggist advised me to use Herbine. It has made me sound and well." 50c Sold by C. E. Nailor & Co.

Satisfied Customers

are the very best kind of an advertisement to have for the grocery business. We try to get customers to satisfy—and then we satisfy them. And since it has got abroad that we do satisfy our customers we have been steadily adding to our customers to satisfy.

It dosn't make

any difference here what nature your purchase may be, we'll see that it gives satisfaction, if it dosn't, we'll return your money.

We want your trade

E. W. Merrill & Co.

Phone 5

"WE AIM TO PLEASE"

CHURCH SERVICES

Rev. Dr. Reid, of Victoria, will occupy the Congregational pulpit Sunday, morning and evening. All are invited.

Services at the Lutheran church, Sunday, Aug. 27th. Preaching in the German language at 11 in the morning, in the English language at 8 o'clock. in the evening. Sunday School 10 o'clock a. m.

Regular services at the Baptist church next Sunday at 11 a m and 7:30 p m. Preaching by the Rev W. H. Whelan, pastor.

Methodist Episcopal Church Horace Williston Pastor Preaching 11a.m 7.30p.m Sunday School 10a.m. Epworth League 6 30p.m.

Lincoln Heights M. E. Church. Services every Sabbath morning at 11 o'clock; Sabbath school at 10; prayer meeting Friday evening at 7:30.
O. F. TOVREA, Pastor.

First Church of Christ Scientist Services will be held at Science Hall, Second St Sunday at 11 o'clock. Sunday school at 12 o'clock. Wednesday evening meetings at 7:30. Reading room open every afternoon from 2 to 5. All are welcome.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH.—Service at 11 a. m. Sunday school at 10 o'clock. Parents are urged to send their children for religious instruction. All are cordially invited.

The salve that heals without a scar is DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. No remedy effects such speedy relief. It draws out inflammation, soothes, cools and heals all cuts, burns and bruises. A sure cure for Piles and skin diseases. DeWitt's is the only genuine Witch Hazel Salve. Beware of counterfeits, they are dangerous. Sold by C. E. Nailor & Co.

An invitation is extended to all the friends to be present at the golden wedding of Mr. and Mrs B. R. Potter, at their home at Seguin on Aug. 28, 1905. Ceremony at 12 o'clock noon.

Fields-Willson.

Mr. W. A. Willson and Miss Anna L. Fields, of Port Angeles, Wn., were united in holy wedlock Aug. 16, 1905, at Shedd, Ore., at 4 p. m. The service took place at the M. E. Parsonage, Rev. D. L. Fields, the pastor, officiating. Mrs. D. L. Fields and Mrs. R. W. Davis witnessed the ceremony.

At 5 p. m. a delightful dinner was served, and all were made merry at the expense of the bride and groom. The parsonage was tastefully decorated with roses, crepe paper, and tinsel.

On the 17th the bride and groom left for a visit to the Fair and other historic places before returning home. Their many friends unite in wishing them a long, happy and prosperous life. *

They Appeal to Our Sympathies.

The bilious and dyspeptic are constant sufferers and appeal to our sympathies. There is not one of them, however, who may not be brought back to health and happiness by the use of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. These tablets invigorate the stomach and liver and strengthen the digestion. They also regulate the bowels. For sale by W. J. Mathewson.

You are always welcome at The Second Hand Store.

RANCH FOR SALE, $900

Price, $900.00. $600.00 down, balance on time. 140 acres, east of town and 5½ miles from post office, known as the John Cook ranch; 8 acres under cultivation, 4 of upland and 4 of bottom-land; orchard of 70 bearing trees, apple, pear, cherry, prune and plum; good well of water, root house, wagon shed and other sheds, and an old heavy wagon. 80 acres acres are covered with extra fine pile timber and green cedar, suitable for telegraph poles—at least 3000 piles and 1500 poles. Nearly all the upland raises a good hay crop. There is about 15 acres of bottom land to clear. Half mile from school, good neighbors, title O. K. Come and see it. A snap you don't get every day. Enquire of or address,
J. R. KENNARD,
Port Angeles.

Fifty Years the Standard

PRICE'S CREAM

BAKING POWDER

Made from pure cream of tartar derived from grapes.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., CHICAGO.

His Heart's Desire

By SIR WALTER BESANT

CHAPTER III.

"Then you think," said the mate, looking about him with doubt, "that we shall do no business here?"

He was a young fellow of two-and-twenty or so, a frank and honest-looking sailor, though his business was that of a cunning kidnaper. He was armed with a revolver, ready to hand, and a cutlass hanging at his side. Behind him were four sailors, also armed, in readiness for an attack, for Polynesians are treacherous. But there were no islanders in sight, only two Europeans—one a tall man, dressed in fantastic imitation of the natives; and the other, apparently, an ordinary beachcomber, quite out of luck, ragged, dejected and haggard. A little way off the land lay the schooner. His business was to enlist, kidnap, procure or secure, by any means in the power of the captain and the crew, as many natives as the ship would hold, and to bring them to North Queensland, where they would be hired out to planters.

"It is an unlucky voyage," said the mate, gazing earnestly at the two men before him, whose appearance and the contrast between them puzzled him. "Two months out and five weeks becalmed; no business done. Say, how did you come here?"

"For my part," said the German, "I am a naturalist. I make butterflies my special study. I have, I believe, enriched science with so many rare and previously unknown specimens, if I succeed in getting them to Europe, that my name will be certainly remembered in scientific history as one of those who have advanced knowledge. Can any man ask more?"

"How did you get such a rig, man?"

"I am a linguist," the Baron Sergius von Holstein went on to explain, "as well as a naturalist. I therefore learned the language before landing here, having found a native or two of New Ireland in the mission of the Duke of York Island. It is a great thing to know how to talk with these black children. I am also a surgeon and a physician, so that I can heal their wounds and their diseases when they get any. You see, further, that I am bigger than most men. I am also thorough. I adopted their dress, at least some of it, and therefore being able to talk to them, I landed among them without fear. When they came round me with their spears I shouted to them down from the sun. And as I know a little prestidigitation and conjuring, and am a bit of a ventriloquist, I am from time to time able to work a few of the simpler miracles; so that they readily believe me."

"How long are you going to stay here?"

"I know not; New Ireland is rich in new species; but I shall have to stop as soon as my means of collection and description come to an end. When that day comes I shall be glad to see a ship. But it will not be yet."

"They may kill you."

"It is possible;" the baron shrugged his tall shoulders.

"Have you no arms?"

"I have a revolver, and my reputation for magic and sorcery."

"And how do you live?"

"The people bring me food every day. If they did not, I should afflict them with horrible misfortunes, as they very well know. I should tell them that in three days such a one would be dead, and then it would be that man's duty to go away and die in fulfillment of prophecy. I suppose his friends would never speak to him again if he refused to fulfill the words of the prophet, so great is their faith. They bring me the unripe cocoanut for its milk; there are fish of every kind in the sea, which they net and spear for me; there are kangaroo and cassowary on the hills, which they snare and trap for me; there are birds which they shoot for me; there are mangoes, bread-fruit, bananas, yams, sweet potatoes. I assure you we feed very well. Don't we, David?" He laid his hand on the other man's shoulder. "We have also tobacco. There is, however—which you regret, David, don't you?—no rum on the island."

"Is your—your—chum also worshiped asked the mate, regarding David with an obvious decrease of interest.

"No; David is recognized as of inferior clay. This poor fellow was wrecked upon the island; he came ashore on a plank, the rest of the ship's crew and passengers having given indigestion to the sharks. He is not happy here, and he would like you to take him off the island."

"Yes," said David, eagerly, but still in his slow way, "anywhere, so that I can only get on my way to England."

"He was just getting off his plank, and the people were preparing to receive him joyfully, warmly, and hospitably, after their fashion; that is to say, into their pots—they have a beautiful method of cooking, in a kind of sunken pot, which would greatly interest you if you were a captive and expecting your turn—when I fortunately arrived, and succeeded, by promising an eclipse if I was obeyed, in saving him. The eclipse came in good time; but I had forgiven the people for their momentary mutiny, and I averted its power for evil. So long as David sticks close to me now he is safe. If he leaves me, his end is certain. But he is no use to me, and for certain reasons I should very much prefer that he was gone. Will you take him?"

"The ship doesn't carry passengers," said the mate; "besides——"

"He is harmless, and you can trust him not to make mischief. I will pay for him if you like."

"What does he want to go home for?" asked the mate, doubtfully. Indeed, the appearance of the man did not warrant the belief that he would be welcomed by his friends.

"He has to pay a pilgrimage; he has to deliver a message before a magistrate, and to be subsequently elevated to a post of great distinction," said the baron.

"Humph!" said the mate. "He looks as if he'd done something. Better keep in these latitudes, stranger, where no one asks and no one cares. But about his fare; who's to pay his passage and his grub, if we take him?"

"You will return some time to Queensland. Take or send this note." He took his note book, tore off half a leaf, and wrote a few words upon it. "Send this note to Messrs. Hengstenburg & Company, Sydney. Tell them where you got it, and they will give you £20 for it, and will thank you into the bargain for letting them know that, so far, the Baron Sergius von Holstein is safe. If there is any money left after paying for your passenger, give it to this poor fellow. He is not such a bad fellow, though he looks so miserable, unless he begins to confide in you. When he does that, lock him up in a cabin. Perhaps he has done something, as you say; what do we know? As for doing things," he said, regarding his humble companion with the utmost severity, "a man who is tempted to commit a crime ought always to remember that he will some day, in all probability, be wrecked on a desert island, an island of cannibals, in the company of one, and only one, other European, and that man greatly his superior; and he ought truly to resolve that under no temptations will he do anything which may make him a nuisance and a bore to that companion through the vehemence of his repentance." David Leighan groaned. "Man," added the baron, sententiously, "does not live for himself alone; and he who rashly commits a crime may hereafter seriously interfere with the comfort of his brother man." David hung his head. "I forgive you, David. I have protected you from the natives' spears and their pots and carving knives for six months, though it has cost me many foolish threats and vain curses. I have fed you and sheltered you. I have been rewarded by penitential groans and by outward tokens of fervent contrition. These have saddened my days ,and have disturbed my slumbers. Groan, henceforth into other ears. I forgive you, however, only on one condition, that you return no more. If you do, you shall be speared and potted without remorse. As for the document in my notebook——"

"I shall get to England before you," said David; "and when I get there I shall go at once to Challacombe and make a statement just like the one you have in your notebook. By the time you come to England I shall be——"

"Exactly," said the baron, smiling sweetly. "You will have been a public character. Well, to each man comes somehow his chance of greatness. I hope you may enjoy your reputation, David, though it may be short-lived."

CHAPTER IV.

The mate meantime was considering the note put into his hands. It was very short, and was a simple draft upon a merchant's house in Sydney—the shortest draft, I suppose, ever written, and on the smallest piece of paper.

"Messrs. Hengstenberg & Co., Sydney. Pay bearer £20. New Ireland, 1884. Baron Sergius von Holstein."

"I will take him," said the mate. "I expect to be out another three or four months. He can come aboard with me. But, stranger," he said, persuasively, "can no business be done? Are they open to reason?" He looked round at the forest and deserted huts. "Can we trade for a few natives, you and me, between us? If I could only see my way to persuade 'em to worship me, I'd—blessed if I wouldn't!—I would ship the whole island. There would be a fortune in it."

"They are open to no reason at all. In fact, if they were at this moment to come down upon us unexpectedly, it would be a painful necessity for me—if I valued my reputation as a prophet—to order them to attack and spear both you and your crew; otherwise I should be considered a false prophet. They are wonderfully handy with their lances, and they move in large bodies. Those popguns of yours would knock over two or three, but would be of no avail to save your own lives. Therefore, I would advise that you get into your boat and aboard your ship with as little delay as possible."

The mate took his advice and departed with his passenger.

"And now," said the Baron Sergius, "I am alone at last, and can enjoy myself without any of that fellow's groans. I never knew before how extremely disagreeable one single murder may make a man."

That evening the rescued man, David Leighan, sat on the deck with his friend the mate. The island of New Ireland was now a black patch low down on the horizon, the night was clear, and the sky full of stars. David was off the island at last, and once more free to return to England; yet he did not look happier; on the contrary, the gloom upon his face was blacker than ever.

It proved a most unlucky voyage. They lost two men in an encounter with the natives; they had no success in trailing; the captain continued to drink. The end came unexpectedly.

One night the watch on deck were startled by a bright light in the captain's cabin. The light shot into a flame, and the flame leaped and ran along the sides of the cabin and caught in the deck and licked the timbers of the ship. The old schooner was as dry as tinder, and caught fire like a piece of paper. In five minutes it became apparent that they must take to their boats. As to the drunken man who had done the mischief, he came out of the burning cabin and danced and sung until the flames dragged him down.

In the fierce glare of the burning ship the mate looked at David reproachfully, implying that this misfortune was entirely due to his presence.

"Even now," he whispered, "I will not tell the men you have ruined the voyage, burned the ship, killed the captain, and may be will kill us as well. What have you done that we should be punished like this for taking you on board? Is it—is it murder?"

David nodded his head gloomily.

"Then," said the mate, "whatever happens to us, you'll get safe ashore. You won't be drowned, and you won't be starved."

Three weeks later there were only two survivors in that boat. The other men had all drunk sea water, and so gone mad one after the other, and leaped overboard in their delirium. Only David Leighan was left with the mate, and they were lying one in the bow and one in the stern, as far apart as the boat would allow, and they were black in the face, gaunt and hollow-eyed.

When they were picked up the signs of life were so faint in them that the skipper, a humane person, took counsel with his mate whether it would not save the poor men trouble to drop them into the water at once. But in the end he hoisted them aboard and laid them on the deck, with their heads propped up.

For the rest of the voyage the rescued mate kept aloof from the rescued passenger. He would not speak to him; he avoided that part of the ship where he happened to be. As for the latter he found a place abaft near the helm, where he could sit upon a coil of rope, his head upon his knees. And there he remained, gloomy and silent.

There was trouble, too. First, the ship sprung a leak, and the pumps had to be worked. Next, there was a bad storm, and the mizzen mast went by the board. Thirdly, a fire broke out, and was subdued with difficulty. However, the ship at last sighted land, and arrived, battered and shattered, at the port of Sydney. When they landed, and not till then, the rescued mate spoke his mind.

First he went to the house of Hengstenburg & Co., where he presented the baron's draft, gave news of his safety and touched the money. He then led his passenger to a tavern and entered into a serious conversation with him.

"As for this money," he said, "you weren't a passenger more than a few days, and I can't rightly charge you much. Take fifteen, and I'll take five. With fifteen pounds you can get home, which I take to be your desire, and give yourself up, which I take to be your duty." It will be understood that the unfortunate David, in the extremity of his starvation and remorse, had been talking.

"A Providence it is," said the mate, "that where so many honest fellows were took, I was spared, else you would never have had this money, and you wouldn't, therefore, have been able to give yourself up, and you would never have been hung. A clear Providence it is, and you must regard it as such, and remember it when they take you out comfortably with the chaplain and the rope."

David took the money, rolled it up in a rag and placed it in his pocket, but said nothing.

(To be continued.)

WITH A LITTLE DIPLOMACY.

How a Real Virginia Colored Woman Gets What She Wants.

There is a certain young married woman in Washington who has a charming flat in one of the uptown apartment houses. She was born and reared in Virginia, and, consequently, sets great store by the colored race from her own particular State, says the Washington Star. She maintains that they make the most reliable as well as the most efficient help, and her servants are always from the Old Dominion.

A chum of hers felt privileged to often admire her exquisite taste in dress, especially some of the pretty negliges—which are always particularly dainty when worn by a pretty woman. While calling on her the other day this chum asked to see a flimsy pink thing which she had seen her friend occasionally wear and which she wished to have copied. What was her astonishment when her friend said that she had given it to the cook, who had such a cute way of getting around one that it was simply impossible to refuse the poor thing even one's prettiest neglige.

Being from the North, it was utterly impossible for the visitor to comprehend how a colored maid servant could perform a feat of diplomatic strategy so complete as to fairly wrest away a pretty woman's dearest treasure — a pink silk kimono, all folds of billowy lace. However, her ears were soon to be opened and her eyes made to see, for just then the mother of the friend's laundress came into the room and asked for the weekly wash. She was a beaming old black "mammy" and sat down familiarly on a low seat while Mrs. X. proceeded to count and check off from her list the clothes the woman had brought. Then began the conversation which was to illustrate the diplomacy of the Virginia colored race.

"I declar', Miss Mildred, I surely is glad to see you so sprightly this mornin'. I never seed you look prettier, with the roses all bloomin' in your cheeks an' your face mos' fat again. I guess you's wonderin' why Lil didn't come for the wash this mornin'. Now, maybe you don't know it, Miss Mildred, but that there gal o' mine surely does love you. This mornin' she came downstairs and says to me: 'Ma, I dreamt las' night that Miss Mildred was took to the hospital and was cut all up, and I's scared to go after the clo's this mornin', 'cause I's feared I'll see crape hangin' on the door.'

"So I tol' her I'd come for them clo's and I lef' that gal so worried she wan't able to do a mite o' work. De Lord knows, chile, I surely is glad to see you lookin' so much weller than I 'spected, an' I mus' say ag'in that I neber did see you lookin' so downright pretty. Miss Mildred, honey, you ain't got no kind o' drink around handy to heat a body up with this col' mornin', is you, honey?"

The brain of the caller was suddenly illumined, and "mammy" went on her way, warmed and rejoicing.

Masculine View.

Mrs. Shopps—I see Cutt & Slashem are advertising some lovely house gowns at a bargain.

Shopps—Well, our house doesn't need a gown, but it ought to have a coat of paint.

"Is it true that the Bloptons are living beyond their income?" "Worse than that. They're living beyond their credit."—Brooklyn Life.

Jack (in a museum)—This collection of stuffed animals is said to be valued at thousands of dollars. Flo—Is is possible? What are they stuffed with?"—New Yorker.

Deacon Jones—In the better land everything will be made known. Mrs. Prye—Won't that be fine! I've always wondered how old Sarah Wilson was. —Boston Transcript.

"The automobile has not accomplished much in actual business," said the utilitarian. "Oh, yes, it has. It has helped accident insurance a great deal."—Washington Star.

"This meat," protested the boarder, "is overdone." "Not exactly, it ain't," replied the waitress; "it's done over. This is the same meat you had yesterday."—Philadelphia Press.

Flatbroke—I'm sorry I can't pay that bill now—you'll have to wait awhile. And I'd like a suit this spring, too. Tailor—You'll get it. I'm going to start one to-morrow.—Cleveland Leader.

Tired Mother (to restless child)—Now you set still. I've drug you ten miles to enjoy this entertainment and you shall enjoy it if I have to pull every hair out of your head!—Kansas City Independent.

"You can always tell an Englishman," began the Britisher, boastfully. "But it would only be a waste of breath," interrupted the Yankee, "because he thinks he knows it all."—Philadelphia Ledger.

"Bessie, haw many sisters has your new playmate " "She has one, mamma. She tried to fool me by saying she had two half-sisters; but I guess she didn't know that I studied fractions."—Washington Life.

Typewriter Agent—Pardon me, sir, but may I ask what is the style of your typewriter? Merchant (enthusiastically)—Right up to date. Elbow sleeves, lace insertion shirt-waist, and all that sort of thing.—New York Weekly.

"What kind of a looking man is that chap Gabbleton you just mentioned? I don't believe I have met him." "Well, if you see two men off in a corner anywhere and one of them looks bored to death, the other one is Gabbleton." —Puck.

"What conclusion did your literary and debating society reach last night?" "Oh," answered Miss Cayenne, "the conclusion was as usual—chicken salad, ice cream, and 'Good-night; had a perfectly lovely time.' "—Washington Star.

Mr. Dresser—Didn't that new nurse come that I engaged for little Clarence? Mrs. Dresser—Oh, yes, but she wouldn't do! She had nothing but blue dresses to wear, and blue you know is only for girl babies. Pink's for boys. —Philadelphia Press.

"Are you going to Europe this summer?" "I don't know," answered Mrs. Cumrox; "going to Europe isn't what it used to be, you know. When a man travels now a lot of people turn up their noses and wonder whether a grand jury is after him."—Washington Star.

Wee Hostess—Mamma, shall I invite Lucy Littnay to my party? Mamma—Certainly. She is the minister's daughter. "Do ministers' daughters get invited everywhere?" "Always." "They has lots of fun, I s'pose? I wish my papa was a minister' stead of a miserable sinner."

Mrs. Highhorse—Of course, I am particular about the family my son marries into. Is there any taint in your blood, such as lunacy, for instance. Mr. Newrox—No, madam, and there's not going to be either! I told my daughter if she married your son I'd cut her off without a cent.—Detroit Free Press.

Mrs. Mudge—I do admire the women you draw, Mr. Penink. They are so beautiful and so refined! Tell me, who is your model? [Mrs. Mudge rises in Mrs. Penink's opinion.] Penink—Oh, my wife always sits for me. Mrs. Mudge (with great surprise)—You don't say so! Well, I think you're one of the cleverest men I know! [Mrs. Penink's opinion of Mrs. Mudge falls below zero.]—Punch.

"My dear," said a patient wife who had been studying the war news, "if I were to marry again I would marry a Russian." "What's the trouble now?" inquired the husband tremulously. "When you came home last night you left your hat and umbrella on the dining room table, your collar and necktie were under the chair and your watch this morning is run down. A Russian can at least retire in good order!"

Mrs. B.—I suppose you find your daughter very much improved by her two years' stay at college? Mrs. Proudmother—La, yes! Mary Elizabeth is a carnivorous reader now, and she frequently impoverishes music. But she ain't a bit stuck up—she's unanimous to everybody, an' she never keeps a caller waitin' for her to dress; she just runs in nom de plume, an' you know that makes one feel so comfortable.—Lippincott's.

To the man working in the sun: The man lying in the shade isn't having as good a time as you think he is.

ONE OF THIS SUMMER'S MOST PICTURESQUE CREATIONS.

"In the good, old summer time" the mighty problem of how to look cool and dainty is studied by fair women day and night. This year the summer fabrics seem more sheer and colorings more satisfying to the eye and the styles more charming than during any previous hot season. My lady may, for very reasonable prices, revel in the most artistic creations, if she be handy with her needle—and, by the way, has nothing else to do, for these apparently simple, clinging little gowns represent whole days of steady work.

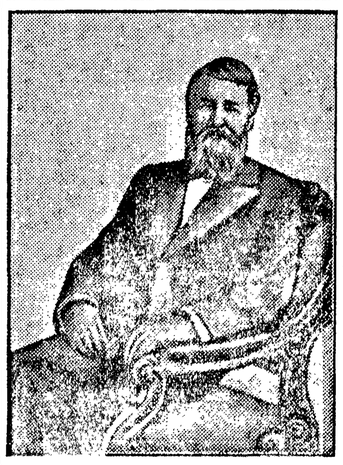
In our illustration is shown a pretty girl from gay Paris, who certainly appears cool and comfortable, whether she feels that way or not. All over embroidery forms the chief parts of her costume, which is a marvel of style and certainly lovely enough to delight the heart of the most fastidious woman. The soft silk girdle is a feature not to be forgotten and lends character to the make-up of the gown. Roses and foliage form the decorations for the pretty hat and for a girlish face no style in headgear could be more becoming.

LAST OF THE WAR GOVERNORS.

Hon. William Sprague, of Rhode Island, Has This Distinction.

The death of Francis R. Lubbock in Austin, recently, removed the last of the Civil War Governors of the Confederate States, he having presided over the commonwealth of Texas during two years of the conflict of the '60's. He also served in the army, was a member of Jefferson Davis' staff and was by his side when he was taken prisoner in 1865. The Governor was born in Beaufort, S. C., and was 90 years old.

The passing of Gov. Lubbock leaves among us only one of all the men who served as head of their respective commonwealths during this trying period



HON. WILLIAM SPRAGUE.

of the country's history. He is Hon. William Sprague, of Rhode Island, one of the most famous of the war Governors and one of the ablest. He comes of distinguished ancestry. His uncle, William Sprague, served as Governor of Rhode Island as a Democrat in 1838-39 and later was United States Senator. The family name for a century has been prominent and, more than any other in the State, is known beyond its borders. The Spragues have contributed handsomely to the industrial and political life of this sturdy little subdivision of the Union and have a pardonable pride in its advancement and enrichment.

The ex-Governor is remarkably active and keen of intellect for one who stands alone of a class who distinguished themselves in the '60's. He is in his 75th year, but as agile as the well-preserved man of 50. In 1860 he was elected Governor and was, when Sumter fell, the largest manufacturer in the country. He cheerfully relinquished the supervision of his numerous factories and foundries to fight in the ranks of the nation's defenders. He raised a regiment, the First Rhode Island Volunteers, and a battery of artillery, uniformed and equipped them at his own expense and in other ways testified to his splendid devotion to his imperiled country. He hurried his men to the defense of Washington and his regiment was one of the earliest commands to reach the capital. In the first forward movement in Virginia the regiment was assigned place and in the fighting at Bull Run suffered severely but bore itself with the greatest gallantry. Its intrepid commander won his spurs that day by the courage, coolness and indifference to danger he displayed on that fateful field and which made him the idol of his men. He had his horse shot from under him and had narrow escapes in plenty. For his heroic conduct he was offered a brigadier general's commission, which he declined. He was the only Governor in the battle and Rhode Island reelected him to the position twice after he had taken the field. During the Peninsular campaign and the siege of Yorktown he also took part and added to his reputation as a fearless and able officer. He served in the United States Senate after the war and is now passing the evening of his days at Narragansett Pier in his native State, which he has served in so many ways and always to its honor and glory.

ODD TRAIT OF MANKIND.

Human Nature Ever Prone to Get Something for Nothing.

Human nature may be more productively worked than a gold mine if you know a right method.

General Manager Chipman, of the Indianapolis and Eastern Electric Railway, recently utilized his knowledge of human nature in a novel way.

His company had a park, the soil of which it wanted to plow up and pulverize thoroughly at small cost, at the same time attracting some traffic to the park. It therefore buried $500 in gold coin in various parts of the park and threw the place open to any patron of the street cars that wished to dig, prescribing only that none but small hand implements should be used.

The plan worked admirably. The cars were thronged with amateur miners and by the time all the coin was found the entire surface of the park had been loosened up and reduced to powder to an extent that no landscape gardener ever saw equaled. The street car company got its $500 back in fares and at the same time got its park thoroughly plowed for nothing.

Many will tenderly recall the old school reader story of the dying father who called his sons to his bedside and informed them that, though the old farm he was about to leave them was worn out and had become unproductive, there was buried somewhere upon it a great treasure and if they would persistently dig for it they would surely find rich reward. The sons digged and digged and digged, turning the old farm upside down and inside out, and, though they found no sign of the gold they expected, their harvests of grain became enormous and their reward was richer than they knew.

Through some peculiarity in our construction we are willing to work ten times as hard "to get something for nothing" as to earn it in ordinary ways.—Atlanta Journal.

A La Cleveland.

"There are two new peculiarities I have noticed in you of late. You use extraordinarily long words and you profess a fondness for fishing. What is the meaning of this?"

"Oh, I have hopes of being made a trustee of the next life insurance company that gets involved in a scandal."—Tacoma Daily News.

A True Genius.

"Failed, did he?"

"Yes. Liabilities were half a million."

"Goodness! What are his assets?"

"Not a cent."

"And yet you denied that he possessed true financial genius?"—Cleveland Leader.

If you would convince others that you are a fool boast of your wisdom.

My Hair is Scraggly

Do you like it? Then why be contented with it? Have to be? Oh, no! Just put on Ayer's Hair Vigor and have long, thick hair; soft, even hair; beautiful hair, without a single gray line in it. Have a little pride. Keep young just as long as you can.

"I am fifty-seven years old, and until recently my hair was very gray. But in a few weeks Ayer's Hair Vigor restored the natural color to my hair so now there is not a gray hair to be seen."—J. W. HANSON, Boulder Creek, Cal.

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.
Also manufacturers of
Ayer's SARSAPARILLA. PILLS. CHERRY PECTORAL.

ACADEMY OF THE HOLY NAMES
Full Academic and Preparatory courses, thorough instruction in English and co-ordinate branches. Plain Sewing and Needlework taught without extra charge. Classes will be resumed Sept. 5th. Boarders are requested to be present Sept. 4th. For particulars address, SISTER SUPERIOR, 7th Ave. So. and Jackson St., Seattle, Wash.

VASHON COLLEGE AND ACADEMY,
the best located school in the northwest. A military school for young men and boys. A seminary for young ladies. The second year under new ownership opens September 5, 1905. Write to us.
VASHON COLLEGE AND ACADEMY,
Burton, Washington.

COLLEGE OF OUR LADY OF LOURDES
Boarding and day school for boys. For particulars apply to
BROTHER SUPERIOR,
P. O. Box 22. South Park, Wash.

KHAKI SUITS $2.75.
We have in stock a fine lot of government Khaki coats and pants which we are selling for $2.75 a suit. They are just what you want for hunting, mining, fishing, camping, prospecting, ranching and lumbering.
W. S. KIRK, 1209 1st Ave., Seattle.

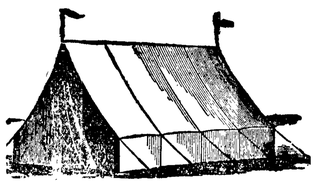
Buy your boy a rifle. 22 Winchester Repeater, $11.00; Remington Single Shot, $3.50 and $6.00; Stevens, $3.00, $4.50 and $6.00. Winchesters and Marlins of all calibre at lowest prices.
A. L. HALL, 1111 1st Ave., Seattle.

EASTERN Washington Wheat Lands and Irrigated Lands for sale or exchange. What have you for sale or exchange?
O. W. BROWN,
415 Pacific Block, Seattle, Wash.

PATENTS
BARNES & SEATTLE
STARR-BOYD BLOCK
SEND FOR BOOK ON PATENTS

For good wearing shoes. For shoes that will hold corks. For the best fitting shoes on earth--to your measure.
Send for catalogue and price list.
R. L. BEATTY,
Flyer Dock, SEATTLE.

BUY
CENTENNIAL'S
BEST
FLOUR
FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS



We make Tents and Awnings
Your dealer should handle them. If he does not, write us
SEATTLE TENT & AWNING CO., Seattle, Wash.
Send for catalogue

Beutel Business College
TACOMA, WASH., and EVERETT, WASH.
Tuition low. Living expenses cheaper in Tacoma than in any other city in the Northwest. Facilities unsurpassed. Correspondence courses. Catalog free.
Positions Guaranteed.
A SCHOOL FOR EVERYBODY
Especially those whose means and time are limited. Prepares for College, for Business, for Teaching. Building and equipment cost $100,000. Write for our Booklet, Today, NOW, while the idea is fresh in your mind. Address,
Pacific Lutheran Academy and Business College
PARKLAND, WASH.

SHIELDS FOR THE FARMER.

Protective Associations Help to Baffle Would-Be Swindlers.

A protective influence exerted by the trade association is that of educating its members against the swindles by which the followers of almost every occupation or calling are victimized. It is a recognized fact that swindlers and confidence men ply their craft along routine lines—in other words, they move from place to place and "work" men in the same general line of business.

Recently a grain buyer in a Western town was victimized in this manner. Like all other local elevator men, he followed the practice of advancing to the farmers of his locality a reasonable sum of money against the grain which they would soon market. One day two farmers hailing from a rather remote locality with which he was not particularly familiar came to him and asked for an advance upon the crops they were then cutting. The men appeared to have met by accident at the elevator and claimed to know each other only casually, saying that their farms were some five or six miles apart.

As these men were dressed in overalls and hickory shirts, their faces and arms being well browned by the sun, the grain buyer naturally concluded that they were genuine farmers, and, after asking them a few questions as to their acreage, gave them the cash advance on their crops which they asked.

Later the elevator man learned to his sorrow that they were a pair of clever confidence men carefully "made up" in farmer style. They had consistently "worked" the grain buyers of that region, being careful, however, to keep out of the territory covered by the organization. The campaign of swindling could not have been successfully prosecuted among buyers who belonged to an association, as their first swindle would have been promptly reported to every member of the organization and efforts for the arrest and prosecution of the confidence men would have been made at once.

MAJ. GEN. GEORGE W. DAVIS.

Governor of Uncle Sam's Panama Possessions.

Not the least among the important figures in the United States territory in Panama is George W. Davis, major general of the United States Army, who is Governor of the Panama canal zone. He has been on the scene for some time and occupies a splendid residence on Ancon hill. This is almost palatial in its equipment, although it was built in the French regime for a stable keeper. The days of extravagance have passed. Gen. Davis lives comfortably, but not extravagantly.

MAJ. GEN. DAVIS.

Gen. Davis was born in Connecticut sixty-five years ago. We was working in Georgia when the Civil War broke out and joined the Union Army. He went in as a volunteer sergeant and came out a captain of regulars. He was a colonel when the Spanish war broke out and before its close was a major general of volunteers. He served as Governor of Porto Rico and military governor of Manila and for a time was in command of all the troops in the Philippines. He is in his prime intellectually. He is as straight as one of the royal palm trees not far from his house; he is as brown as a berry and as tough as a nut. He has, with the exception of a few weeks, when he went home on account of the serious illness of his wife, been there since his appointment last February, and he is, in fact, about the only one of the canal commission who has spent much time on the ground. He represents the commission, and also the government. As ruler of the zone he has more power than any State Governor in the Union. He can order anyone off the United States territory as an impediment to the canal work or as detrimental to the best interests of his little principality. He has, in fact, the powers of a military ruler, and he might be called the Czar of our Panama possessions.

Peddling Her Own Pups.

Many compassionate persons have sympathized with a mother who for several days has walked the business districts soliciting purchasers for her offspring. The mother is a big Newfoundland dog. She carries three handsome puppies in a basket placarded "For Sale," and proudly marches along the street, following the footsteps of her owner. Her fond interest in the puppies' welfare gives a pathetic touch to the method of her master in attempting to dispose of them.

When people stop to examine the puppies the proud mother sets the basket down gently and caresses the trio. "I know it seems tough to have her peddling the pups," exclaimed the owner to a tender-hearted onlooker, "but they're not all for sale. I'm keeping one for her."—Philadelphia Record.

Better Luck than He Thought.

A young man who had received the privilege of shooting over the land of a farmer got rather close once or twice to the home and the ground adjacent to it. Later in the day, the Country Gentleman says, he met the farmer.

"You've had pretty good luck," said the farmer.

"Well, no," said the young man, hesitatingly, "I haven't had any luck at all."

"Yes, you have," repeated the farmer. "This morning you just missed my best shorthorn."

SERMONS OF THE WEEK

Heaven on Earth.—Our deeds and thoughts here on earth make our heaven or hell for us. The cross and redemption are indissolubly united, for only through the cross may redemption be had.—Rev. E. L. Powell, Disciple, Louisville, Ky.

True Religion—Many a devout man has been a helpless fool in practical affairs. And let no man think he can be a Christian and be lazy. The religious life that prays loud and long and shirks responsibility is a miserable caricature of true religion.—Rev. M. C. Hartzell, Methodist, Chicago, Ill.

Education.—Education is the cornerstone of all civil and social life. Why is this unless it be that the educated man is seen to be sounder in his moral judgments, truer to the ideals he cherishes, and safer in the leadership which he offers than the man without formal education?—Rev. E. H. Capen, Congregationalist, Medford, Mass.

Earthly Pleasures. — Can earthly pleasures make one so happy as to leave nothing to be desired. Assuredly not. They that indulge in sensual gratification are forced to acknowledge that the deeper they plunge the more they are enslaved and the less they are satisfied by them. The keen edge of delight soon becomes blunted. —Cardinal Gibbons, Roman Catholic, Baltimore, Md.

Church Influence—Every church carries the gospel message by its every outward appearance and speaks to every heart of its divine purpose. The mere sight of men, women or children going or returning from church or Sunday school gives its message to the heart and declares something that we will find in the great sermon the Savior uttered.—Rev. C. O. Jones, Methodist, Atlanta, Ga.

Liberty.—The meaning of the modern university is the liberty of the world in the realization of intelligence. The meaning of the great social movement is the liberty of the world in the realization of sympathy. The meaning of the great industrial movement is the liberty of the world in individual and collective betterment.—Rev. N. Boynton, Congregationalist, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Pain and Effort.—All the great souls of history have sweat blood in the performance of their work. The men who have projected mighty movements in history, the men who fought the devils of society and the men who lay the devils within themselves, must gird themselves for struggles, social and personal. All progress is through pain and effort.—Rev. L. Hulley, Baptist, Baltimore, Md.

Redemption.—Adam fell and sin came. Redemption was purchased by a slain Jesus and a risen Lord; and we now each week celebrate His day of resurrection, in combination with worship of God who commanded, and the world was, and who showed His supreme love for man in sacrificing for our redemption, Christ, His Son, in whom He was well pleased.—Rev. A. J. Henry, Congregationalist, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Human Weakness.—Christ knew He had all power, that He was from God, and that he was going to God after the wrath of men had spent itself upon Him. With this knowledge of His authority and power, He knew the weakness, the narrowness and darkness of the human hearts about Him. It took all the majesty and Godlikeness that He had to cope with their human frailty and error. He gave them an example of ministry in a menial capacity and bade them do likewise.—Rev. E. P. Farnham, Baptist, Brooklyn, N. Y.

To Break in New Shoes,
Always shake in Allens Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures chilblains, damp, sweating, aching, swollen feet. Cures Corns and Bunions. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmstead, LeRoy, N. Y.

If the automobile craze keeps up, repairing them will be the surest way to make money.

No matter who you are, what you wish to learn, or how able you are to pay for a course, write for a booklet of Pacific Lutheran Academy Parkland Wash.

A man is rich in proportion to the thing he can afford to let alone.—Thoreau.

For bronchial troubles try Piso's Cure for Consumption. It is a good cough medicine. At druggists, price 25 cents.

Fried Cold Chicken.

Take good slices of good boiled or roasted chicken, dip them in beaten egg and then in bread crumbs. Fry brown in butter. To be eaten with meat sauce or without. It is very nice.

FITS Permanently Cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for Free $2 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Heaven on Earth.—Our deeds and thoughts here on earth make our heaven or hell for us. The cross and redemption are indissolubly united, for only through the cross may redemption be had.—Rev. E. L. Powell, Disciple, Louisville, Ky.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period.

THE HOLD-UP MAN

Meets tht Great Philanthropist at St. Peter's Gate.

"Well," asked St. Peter, "who are you?"

"Don't you know me?" returned the applicant for admission. "Surely my name must be a household word up here. I am Hardy Skinner, the great philanthropist."

"And what did you philanthrope?" asked the saintly gate keeper.

"Me? Gracious, I thought you people kept a set of books and had everybody's record. Well, I'll tell you. I gave away more than $11,000,000—yes, sir, just gave it to the people by furnishing them with art galleries, libraries, hospitals, colleges and that sort of thing."

"Well, well," said St. Peter, "that was a lot of money to give away. How much were you worth when you died?"

"Oh, I couldn't tell you exactly, but I'd estimate it conservatively at about $500,000,000."

"Whew! And how did you get it?"

"How did I get it?" replied the spirit of Hardy Skinner, rubbing its transparent hands together in the old satisfied way that had been natural to him in the flesh, "why, I got it through my great ability as a captain of industry. I got rebates from railroads, violated the laws in perfectly respectable and ingenious ways, forced my competitors out of business by reducing my products away below cost where there was opposition and charging ten times more than was fair where there was nobody to buck against me. But you know that sort of thing is perfectly legitimate in business. Yes, you mustn't overlook that fact. My method, you see, was a necessary outgrowth of commercial expansion. It was a natural development due to modern conditions."

"I see. You forced other people to give up whatever you saw fit to take from them and denied them the right to engage in the kind of business you were conducting."

"That's putting it rather rough, it seems to me. Still, we'll admit, for the sake of the argument, that it was as you say. Think of the money I gave back! Aha, there's where I fixed myself up for the glory in heaven, eh? Think of a man giving $11,000,000 to——"

"Excuse me a moment," said St. Peter, "till I find out what that spirit wants. Come, what is it?"

"Please let me in," said a repulsive-looking shape as it approached the gate.

"Who were you and what did you do to deserve admittance?"

"I was a hold-up man—but wait till I tell you about it. I never robbed a fellow of all he had without giving him back a dime or quarter to get home with or to secure lodging for the night."

"What," asked St. Peter, turning to the spirit of Hardy Skinner, "would you do if you were in my place? Do you think I ought to let him in?"

"Let him in? Certainly not! The wretch deserves no pity. What did the return of a quarter amount to when he had taken away $40 or $50 from somebody who may have had to work hard to earn it? He ought to roast for 27,000 years."

"Good," replied St. Peter, "you are a wise judge, and you have saved me the necessity of considering your own case any further."

"Wha-a-at!" screamed the spirit of Hardy Skinner. "You don't mean to——"

But there was a flash and then a whirring noise as of something heavy dropping through space, after which St. Peter turned to hear the pleas of other applicants.

A Little House for Old Age.

The Danish farmhouse is commonly built in two portions, one large and one small, to form separate dwellings. This is done to enable the owner to carry out the duty custom imposes upon him. When the farmer grows too old or infirm to follow the plow, or perform a share of the work, he hands over the farm to one of his sons, under an arrangement which provides for the maintenance of himself and his wife during their remaining years, and the old couple take up their quarters in the smaller dwelling. The curious feature of this arrangement is that if the son sell the farm, the purchaser must take over the duty of supporting the old people, who remain on. This custom has arisen out of the isolated character of the farms in Jutland; it has sometimes led to the commission of horrible crimes, the old people having been poisoned by a new owner to save the cost of their maintenance.

A Hard Life.

It must be very hard indeed
To be a financier;
The talents you are sure to need
Are manifold and queer.
You've got to have a winning way,
And prove with gentle art
That when their cash to you men pay
It's kindness on your part.

You've got to know just when to go
Across the briny deep,
And when it's time you have to show
Strange secrets you must keep.
And though 'tis hard, you must allow,
New wealth to gain each day,
'Tis harder, many people vow,
To give the stuff away.
—Washington Star.

His Ambition.

"I do not recall your ever making a speech in Congress that attracted any attention," said the blunt person.

"No," said Senator Sorghum. "I never try to attract attention. I am satisfied if I can distract attention."—Washington Star.

Some women seem to think it a duty to talk scandal because it pleases their friends.

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

President Edmund Janes James of the University of Illinois, who recently declared against college athletics, is one of the foremost educators in this country. After a careful investigation extending over five years Dr. James says that the severe strain undergone by college athletes largely unfits them for business or professional life, leaving them unable to play a man's part in affairs because of physical weakness induced by overexertion. Nearly all football players, baseball men and lawn tennis experts, he declares, have weak hearts and are more liable to other forms of disease than other men. President James has collected statistics regarding the health of famous athletes and their achievements in the affairs of life and says they will undoubtedly cause much surprise to the men who declare the college athlete develops into the vigorous man who does things.

EDMUND J. JAMES.

Don't Lift that heavy rack or you will hurt your back
Save yourself the straining, tugging and lifting when putting on or taking off wagon rack, box or tank, by using a HERCULES RACK LIFTER. Costs but a trifle. A boy can set it up and operate it. Write us today, enclosing stamp for reply, and by return mail you will get full information. Reference: J. W. Cusick & Co., Bankers, Albany, Ore. Cryderman Bros., Albany, Ore.

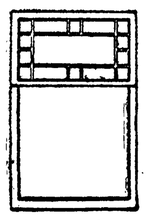
ECONOMY
Hot Air Pumping Engine

Pumps water for house and irrigation. Displaces wind mills and gasoline engines. Burns gasoline, wood or coal. Has automatic stop. Shipped on approval. Write for catalogues and prices.
BEALL & CO.
321 Hawthorne Ave. Portland, Ore.

RHEUMATISM ROBS LIFE of PLEASURE
Rheumatism does more than any other disease to rob life of pleasure and comfort. It is so painful and far-reaching in its effects on the system that those afflicted with it find themselves utterly unable to enjoy bodily comfort or any of the pleasures of life. Some are bound hand and foot and suffer constantly with excruciating pains, swollen, stiff joints and muscles, and often distorted, crooked limbs, while others have intervals of freedom, during which they live in constant fear and dread of the next attack, when, at the least exposure to damp weather, or slight irregularity of any kind, the disease will return.
I had been troubled with Rheumatism for two years, had been under the treatment of physicians, and tried everything recommended to me, but all to no avail. My knee and elbow joints were so stiff that I could not use them. I was unable to do my household work, and was truly in a pitiable condition. S. S. S. cured me after using it for awhile, and I unhesitatingly give it the credit it so much deserves.
Sta. A., E. Liverpool, O. MRS. M. A. DECKER.
The cause of Rheumatism is a sour, acid condition of the blood, produced by food lying undigested in the stomach, poor bowel action, weak kidneys and a general sluggish condition of the system. External applications, such as liniments, oils, plasters, etc., do not reach the cause and can only give temporary relief. The blood must be cleansed and purified before a cure can be had. S. S. S. attacks the disease in the right way—it neutralizes the poison and filters out every particle of it from the blood, stimulates the sluggish organs and clears the system of all foreign matter. It cures the disease permanently and safely because it contains no harmful minerals to derange the stomach and digestion. Book on Rheumatism and any advice you wish, without charge.
SSS
THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

The STATE BUSINESS COLLEGE pays students carfare
Offers the lowest tuition and board. Our equipment is the latest mission style. Our penman is first-class. Fall term opens Sept. 1. Send for catalog
Moffatt Bros., S. 9th and Tacoma Ave., Tacoma, Wash.

O. B. WILLIAMS' SASH AND DOOR BARGAINS
ONE PRICE



This Cottage Front Window Only $3.49—The bottom glass is 40x40 and the top glass is 40x20, arranged with margin light effect, as shown in illustration. The outside measure of the window is 3 feet 8 inches wide, by 5 feet 6 inches high. These beautiful cottage front windows add greatly to the appearance of a house, and the extra exqense is small.
I Carry in Stock 1,000 Cottage Front Windows—Send for my price lists illustrating, pricing and describing these deantiful windows, also quoting wholesale prices on doors, sash, hardware, glass, window frames and door frames, etc. Buy direct at wholesale prices.
O. B. WILLIAMS, 1505 Third Avenue, SEATTLE, WASH.
The Largest and Most Favorably Known Sash and Door Dealer in the Northwest.

WHEN writing to advertisers please mention this paper.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. 25 CTS.

Notice and Summons by Publication of Tax Foreclosure.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, in and for Clallam County.

Clallam County, Plaintiff vs. All Persons hereinafter mentioned, and all persons unknown, if any, having or claiming an interest or estate in and to the hereinafter described real property, are hereby made Defendants.

State of Washington to all persons hereinafter mentioned, who are the owners, of, and all persons unknown, claiming or having an interest or estate in the hereinafter described real property.

You and each of you are hereby notified that the above named plaintiff, Clallam County, is the owner and holder of Delinquent Tax Certificate, issued in one General Certificate in Book form, marked "I" by the treasurer of said Clallam County, State of Washington, embracing the real property hereinafter described and set opposite the respective names of owners or reputed owners, or unknown owners, situated in Clallam County, State of Washington; and you are further notified, that in reading the description of lands hereinafter described, the abbreviations, "Sec," "Twp," and "R," means Section, Township and Range, and that in reading the description of Lot and Block hereinafter described, the letters "L" and "B" means lot and block respectively.

That said certificate was issued on the 28th day of July, A. D. 1905, for the sum set opposite each piece or parcel of land hereinafter described, for the delinquent taxes due for the year 1898; that the said taxes for said year are unpaid and due, the plaintiff, which said several sums bear interest at the rate of fifteen (15) per cent per annum from the 28th day of July, 1905, said owners or reputed owners, said real estate and said amounts are particularly described as follows, to-wit:

ACREAGE.

Emer Frier, 209 feet square in nw cor of the se¼ of sw½ sec 6, twp 29, r 2, 3 acres			$ 29
Wm. Potter, e½ e½ ne¼ sw¼ and w½ w½ ne¼ sw¼, sec 2 twp 29, r 4 20 acres			8 23
S. C. Spaulding, lot 1, sec 7, twp 30, r 5, 38½ acres			30 84
S. C. Spaulding, lot 2, sec 7, twp 30, r 5, 31-80 acres			28 23
S. C. Spaulding, se¼ of ne¼, sec 7, twp 30, r 5, 40 acres			32 69
J. S. Danner, sw¼ ne¼, sec 7, twp 30, r 5, 40 acres			32 69
Wm. Grant, w½ se¼ se¼, sec 18, twp 30, r 5, 20 acres			10 40
Adam Zerrenner, n½ nw¼ se¼, sec 19, twp 30, r 5, 20 acres			7 76
Wm. H. Carey, se¼ of nw¼, sec 22, twp 30, r 5, 40 acres			9 11
J. R. Kennard, w½ ne¼ ne¼ nw¼, sec 28, twp 30, r 5, 5 acres			1 43
Geo. F. Race, 15 acres in nw¼ se¼, sec 31, twp 30, r 5, 15 acres			3 88
Amelia Goldwater, w½ ne¼ ne¼, sec 32, twp 30, r 5, 20 acres			4 55
John James, se¼, sec 35, twp 30, r 5 160 acres			31 03
Ernest M. Turlow, sw¼, sec 35, twp 30, r 5, 160 acres			31 03
H. E. Lutz, e½, ne, s½, se, sec 8 twp 30, r 6, 2½ acres			2 85
H. E. Lutz, nw, sw sw and w½, nw, sw, sw, sw and sw. sw, sw sw ¼, sec 9, twp 30, r 6, 13.75 acres			21 48
Caroline Lee, e½, se¼, sw ¼, ne¼ and s½, sw¼ se¼, ne¼, sec 12, twp 30, r 6, 10 acres			20 92
Vickery & Truitt, lot 4, sec 18, twp 30, r 6, 40 acres			25 86
Henry Fuhrman, n½, nw¼, sw¼ sec 20, twp 30, r 6, 20 acres			19 10
Samuel Millikan, s½, nw¼, nw¼ ne¼, sec 21, twp 30, r 6, 5 acres			4 20
P.A.F.R.R.Co., nw¼, se¼, nw¼ sec 25, twp 30, r 6, 10 acres			3 07
Charles Ramming, w½, w½, nw¼, ne¼, sec 26, twp 30, r 6 10 acres			5 75
R. F. Morse, sw¼, se¼, sec 27, twp 30, r 6, 40 acres			23 51
R. F. Morse, se ¼, sw ¼, sec 27, twp 30, r 6, 40 acres			20 15
R.F.Morse, sw 1-4, sw 1-4, sec 27, twp 30, r 6, 40 acres			20 15
J. H. Young, ne 1-4, sw 1-4, ne 1-4, sec 28, twp 30, r 6, 10 acres			5 88
J.H.Young, e½, se 1-4, sw 1-4 ne 1-4 sec 28, twp 30, r 6, 5 acres			2 95
S. J. Bassett, e½, e½, e½, ne 1-4, se 1-4, sec 28, twp 30, r 6, 5 acres			2 53
S.J.Bassett, se 1-4, se 1-4, sec 28, twp 30, r 6, 40 acres			20 15
S. J. Bassett, sw 1-4, se 1-4, sec 28, twp 30, r 6, 40 acres			20 15
C. A. Lundy & Co., undivided ½ of w½, sw 1 4, se 1-4, sec 29, twp 30, r 6, 10 acres			5 73
Jacob Unger, 8 acres in nw 1-4, ne 1-4, sec 31, twp 30, r 6, 8 acres			2 58
John Sump, e½, se 1-4, ne 1-4, sec 32, twp 30, r 6, 20 acres			9 55
Mary Soulan, s½, se 1-4, se 1-4, sec 32, twp 30, r 6, 20 acres			9 55
R. F. Morse, nw 1-4, nw 1-4, sec 34, twp 30, r 6, 40 acres			16 79
P. McGlashan, 2 acres in e½, se 1-4, ne 1-4, sec. 2, twp 30, r 7, 2 acres			87
James Clark, n½, sw 1-4, sw 1-4, sec 4, twp 30, r 7, 20 acres			8 25
D. J. Kelly, se 1-4, ne 1-4, sec 7, twp 30, r 7, 40 acres			6 83
D. J. Kelly, sw 1-4, ne 1-4, sec 7, twp 30, r 7, 40 acres			6 83
Margaret O. Dowd, ne 1-4, sw 1-4, sec 14, twp 30, r 7, 40 acres			17 00
Margaret O Dowd, nw 1 4, sw 1-4, sec 14, twp 30, r 7, 40 acres			17 00
Margaret O. Dowd, se 1-4, sw 1-4, sec 14, twp 30, r 7, 40 acres			17 00
Margaret O. Dowd, n½, sw 1-4, sw 1-4, and se 1-4, se 1-4, sw 1-4 sec 14, twp 30, r 7, 35 acres			12 79
J. K. Adminston, ne 1-4, se 1-4, sec 15, twp 30, r 7, 40 acres			7 97
Cyrus C. Babb, nw 1-4, sw 1-4, nw 1-4, section 15, twp 30, r 7, 10 acres			1 71
Robert Shields, nw 1-4, nw 1-4, sec 20, twp 30, r 7, 40 acres			11 65
Robert Shields, e½, sw 1 4, nw 1-4, sec 20, twp 30, r 7, 20 acres			5 83
Wm. Turnidt, e½, se 1-4, se 1-4, se 1-4, sec 22, twp 30, r 7, 5 acres			1 14
Anna Whise, s½, se, se 1-4, sec 23, twp 30, r 7, 20 acres			4 5[illegible]
Thos. Finnigan, e½, nw 1 4, nw 1-4 se 1-4, sec 35, twp 31, r 7, 5 acres			2 27
Bank of Clallam County, ne 1-4, se 1-4, sec 28, twp 31, r 8 10 acres			16 95
Edward Bambar, lot 1, sec 22, twp 32 r 12, 28½ acres			8 39
Eben Merrill, nw 1 4, ne 1-4, sec 25, twp 32, r 13, 40 acres			8 39
Eben Merrill, se 1-4, ne 1-4, sec 25, twp 32, r 13, 40 acres			6 76
G. Klinger, nw 1-4, ne 1-4, sec 34, twp 28, r 14, 40 acres			9 71
G. Klinger, sw 1-4, ne 1-4, sec 34, twp 28, r 14, 40 acres			9 71
G. Klinger, e½, nw 1-4, sec 34, twp 28, r 14, 80 acres			27 79

Tide Lands in front of the east half of the Thornton donation claim.

G. M. Lotzgasell, secs 26 and 35, twp 31, r 4			$ 4 42

Government Townsite of Port Angeles.

	Lot	Blk	Am'nt
E.H. Westphall	6	13	$9 72
David Lindsey, east ½	7	33	1[illegible]
Louis Levy	5	36	29 10
David Lindsey	14	85	10 45
"	15	85	10 45
"	16	85	10 45
"	17	85	2 50
"	18	85	2 50
"	3	87	16 17
"	3	91	9 93
" east half	5	91	6 52
"	18	91	10 45
H N Shelpman, und. ½	16	92	5 17
David Lindsey	2	93	11 69
C J Semon, und. ½	2	104½	1 06
C M Buck	5	123	1 06
John Lovegren	2	132	50
"	3	132	50
J M Bell	6	153	4 21
Oscar V Brown	4	167	10 55
"	5	167	13 70
Joseph Hause	8	170	8 41
Cleora Raymond	10	174	6 33
"	11	174	20 11
Mary Dean	9	185	2 64
George Hoag	15	185	2 64
"	16	185	2 64
Edwin Ware	12	185	2 64
"	13	186	2 64
Emma Wilkins	10	188	3 18
John Wilkins	2	189	2 64
Emma Wilkins	16	189	2 64
A C Austin	17	189	2 64
"	18	189	3 18
J E Hooker	5	201	2 10
Emma Wilkins	5	212	2 64
Kate Stalker	8	212	2 64
Emma Wilkins	13	212	2 64
M J Carey	17	223	6 33
"	18	223	6 33
Harry F. Wells	5	241	7 44
"	6	241	6 85
Kittie Campbell	1	244	5 81
"	2	247	4 23
James C Sullivan	17	248	2 64
"	18	248	2 64
Julius Danz, west half	16	277	1 31
Harry O Richards	8	281	2 10
"	9	281	3 28
Johnathan Platt	13	284	2 10
Charles M Kent	9	302	4 23
"	10	302	4 23
John Hutzen	13	302	3 70
"	14	302	3 70
Edwin Pollexfen	15	302	3 70
"	16	302	3 70
James Stewart	13	303	3 18
A S Ayer	13	308	2 10
James Stewart	19	315	3 28
"	20	315	3 70
John McDonald	3	316	3 28
"	4	316	3 28
Fred C Poole	13	316	2 64
F A Buck & Co	11	322	1 06
Lawrence Smith	17	326	3 28
"	18	326	3 28
Patrick Connoly	12	331	3 28
"	13	331	3 28
"	14	331	3 28
"	5	332	2 64
"	6	332	2 64
A J Cosser	1	333	3 18
"	2	333	2 64
Patrick Connoly	3	335	2 10
"	16	335	1 06
"	17	335	52
"	18	335	52
C M Buck	7	346	2 10
Adam Zerrener	8	346	2 10
Patrick Connoly	1	351	3 70
"	2	351	2 64
"	3	354	2 64
"	4	354	2 64
"	17	354	2 64
"	18	354	2 64
"	19	354	2 64
"	20	354	3 18
"	17	355	2 10
"	18	355	2 10
"	19	355	2 10
"	20	355	2 64
Andrew Osterberg	6	357	2 10
"	7	357	2 10
John Sump	19	364	1 65
"	20	364	2 10
Abel W Sodden	1	369	3 28
Marian L Herrick	7	370	3 28
"	8	370	3 28
John McDonald	7	374	1 65
John Hutzen	13	383	1 65
"	14	383	1 65
Charles H Cramer	5	388	1 65
"	6	388	1 65
Henry Jenkins	12	392	1 06
C M Buck	20	426	1 06
John Haas	1	440	1 06
"	2	440	1 06
Ottis Vernaw	5	440	1 06
John Daub	6	440	1 06
James Stewart	14	454	1 06
"	15	454	1 06

Norman R Smith's Subdivision of the Townsite of Port Angeles,

Smith & Perkins Power Company	8	13	$5 83
Smith & Perkins Power Company	9	13	6 52
Magdalena Fend	1	38	58 25
"	2	38	11 68

Puget Sound Cooperative Colony's Subdivision of the Townsite of Port Angeles.

	Lot	Blk	Am'nt
P S C Colony	3	2	$ 7 76
"	4	2	7 76
"	5	2	7 76
"	6	2	7 76
"	7	2	7 76
"	8	2	7 76
"	9	2	9 71
"	10	2	9 01
"	11	2	7 76
"	12	2	7 76
"	13	2	7 76
William Smith, west ½	4	5	3 88
"	5	5	7 76
Otto Erickson	10	8	4 43
J B McDougall	16	8	3 24
"	17	8	3 24
Lough Augustine & Co.	1	15	3 88
"	2	15	3 24
"	3	15	3 24
"	4	15	3 24
"	5	15	3 24
"	16	15	3 88
"	17	15	3 88
"	18	15	3 88
John A Thompson	10	16	3 88
"	11	16	3 88

Frank Chambers subdivision of sub lots 37 and 38 of the Townsite of Port Angeles.

Mary C Spaulding, lot 3, blk 164			$ 2 59

D W Morses sub division of sub lot 8 of the Townsite of Port Angeles.

	Lot	Blk	Am'nt
Morse Estate Company	7	125	$ 3 24
"	15	125	2 59
"	16	125	2 59
"	19	125	2 59
"	25	125	2 59
"	26	125	2 59

Perkins subdivision of sub lot 32 of the Townsite of Port Angeles.

S W Buckman, lot 1			$ 5 17
" " 2			3 88

Williams & Cramers subdivision of sub lot 7 of the Townsite of Port Angeles.

Williams & Cramer, lot 1, block 3			$ 9 01
" " 2,	"	3	3 88
" " 8,	"	3	3 88

Tide lands of the first class in front of the city of Port Angeles. west of Laurel st.

W K Clark, lot 10 (except 60 by 25 feet in the SE cor.) block 4			$ 3 82
Annie P Banks, lot 3, block 9			13 23

Bell's Addition to the Townsite of Port Angeles

Swan A Johnson, lot 13, block 8			$ 19

Brookline Addition to the Townsite of Port Angeles.

Peter Geelash, lots 7, 8, 9, block 13			$ 41
W H Henrichouse, lot 10, " 13			13

B T Smith's Addition to the Townsite of Port Angeles.

J M Allbright, lots 1, 2, block 2			$ 62
Hannah M Cosser, lot 12, " 5			31

Beatrice Addition to the Townsite of Port Angeles.

Edward Christopherson, lots 17 and 18, block 1			$ 31
T Wagner, lots 7 and 8, block 3			31
Clara Johnson, lots 19, 20 and 21, block 4			47
Edward Christopherson, lots 1 to 4, inclusive, block 8			7 [illegible]

Beacon Hill Addition to the Townsite of Port Angeles.

D R McLennan, lots 7 and 8, blk 2			$ 62
Wm Cary, lots 3 to 15, inc.	"	5	4 01
" " 29 and 30,	"	5	62
Geo. Lindoff, lots 1, 2 and 3,	"	8	94

Busses Addition to the Townsite of Port Angeles.

Henry W Busse, lots 7 to 12, inc. block 13			$ 95
Ida F Thurston, l'ts 1 to 12, inc. blk 14			1 88

Chandler's suburban Addition to Port Angeles.

Thomas L Muse, lots 28 & 29, blk 4			$ 46

Calhalin's Addition to Port Angeles.

J A Taylor, lots 1, 2, 3, block 1			$ 35
" " 1 to 16 inc.	"	6	1 88

Townsite of Edgewood.

J B McDougall, l'ts 11 to 20, inc blk 3			$ 78
" " 1 to 6 inc	"	25	1 05
" " 5 to 10 inc	"	31	1 05
" " 5 to 6 inc	"	35	35
" " 11 to 16 inc	"	35	1 05
Lough Augustine & Co. " 5 to 10 inc	"	37	1 05
" " 1 to 12 inc	"	42	2 08
J B McDougall, " 16 & 17 inc	"	42	35
" " 1 to 10 inc	"	43	1 77
" " 1 to 20 inc	"	41	3 47
" " 5 to 8 inc	"	49	68
" " 1 to 8 inc	"	50	1 41
" " 13 to 20 inc	"	50	1 41
Lough Augustine & Co. " 1 to 8 inc	"	51	1 41
J B McDougall, " 13 to 20 inc	"	51	1 41
" " 7 & 8 inc	"	51	35
Lough Augustine & Co. " 13 to 17 inc	"	54	87

Jamestown.

Abbie Collier, one-half lot "A"			$1 73

Fogarty & Dolan's Addition to Port Angeles.

Edward O'Neill, l'ts 12 and 13 blk 2			$ 97
Maggie Beal	"	17 to 20 inc " 8	3 86
J E Allen	"	12 & 13 " 12	86
W S Morrisey	"	15 to 25 inc " 19	5 31
F R Manialaux	"	1 & 2 " 23	97
W H Cary	"	7 to 12 inc " 25	2 91
W H Cary	"	16 & 17 inc " 25	97
Alice Butler	"	19 " 25	48
W H Cary	"	21 to 24 inc " 25	3 86
Catholic church, all of block 41			2 10

Fogarty & Dolan s Second Addition to Port Angeles.

W S Morrisey, lots 1 to 8 inc bl'k 6			$2 04

Fairview Addition to Port Crescent.

G S Kent, lot 14, block 7			$ 7
Herbert Kent, lot 15, block 7			7

First Division of Chandler & Coolican Estate

V O Blood, lots 17 and 18, block 4			$ 29
Charles A Bork, lot 25, block 9			19

Gale's Addition to Port Angeles.

Geo H Gale, lots 1 to 4 inc block 14			$2 23
Jessie E Banks, l'ts 10 to 13 inc bl'k 11			2 23

Grant's Addition to Port Angeles.

Alice Butler, south ½ lot 6, block 28			$ 43

Gay & Bickford's First Addition to Port Angeles.

Walter Myers, lots 1 and 2, block 18			$ 46

Grand View Addition to Port Angeles

Home Industrial Association, lots 24 and 25, block 2			$ 50
Home Industrial Association, lots 19 to 26 inc block 3			2 04
Home Industrial Association, lots 15 to 20 inc block 4			1 89
H A Sheldon, lots 3 to 7 inc block 5			1 89
Home Industrial Association, lot 17, block 6			25
Home Industrial Association, lots 24 and 25 block 5			50
Home Industrial Association, lots 28 to 40, inc block 5			2 56

Juan De Fuca Addition to Port Angeles.

S C Beach, lots 14 to 16 inc, block 10			$ 40

Lincoln Park Addition to Port Angeles

C W Pallett, lot 19,			$5 69
Thos Higgins and G B Leach, lot 27			5 69

Malony & Thompson's Addition to Port Angeles.

Harriet Thompson, lots 1 to 14 inc block 3			$2 43
Harriet Thompson, lots 21 to 23, inc block 3			52

Minneapolis Syndicate Addition to Port Angeles.

F W Schults, lots 1 to 20 inc block 11			$3 47
" " 1 to 20 inc	"	12	3 47

Nelson's Addition to Port Angeles.

S W Buckman, lot 27,		block	A	13
"	lot 32	"	A	13
"	lots 38 & 39	"	A	27
"	" 7 to 11 inc	"	C	67
"	" 13 & 14	"	C	27
"	" 17	"	C	13
"	" 19	"	C	13
"	" 26	"	D	13
"	" 35 & 36	"	D	27

Puget Sound Co-Operative Colony's 1st Addition to Port Angeles.

Martha N Lilley, lot 17, block 1			$ 83
J A Garey, lot 18, block 1			83
P F Kiernan, lots 1 and 2, block 4			1 66

Puget Sound Co-operative Colony's 2nd Addition to Port Angeles.

John M Martin, lot 11,	block	5	$ 43
Henry Miller, west ½, 18,	"	5	17
Martin Mattson, lots 13, 14	"	10	97
Sarah Vaseletta, lot 3	"	15	66

Prager's Addition to Port Angeles.

D C Patterson, lots 39 to 41 nc			$ 41

Park Addition to Port Crescent.

John Frank, lots 21 and 22, block A			$ 15
S W Buckman, lots 23 and 24	"	A	15
John Frank, lot 1, block B			07
S W Buckman, lot 2, block B			07
S W Buckman, lots 25 to 48 inc blk F			1 85

Railway Addition to Port Angeles.

A Cambell, et als., lot 16.			$ 3 34

Syndicate Addition to Port Angeles

Talcott & Kent, lots 2 to 4, block 3			$ 51
" 6,	"	3	17
H G Moore, lots 11 and 12,	"	3	35
G S Stirton, lot 12	"	7	17
J A Dahlin, lots 10 to 12,	"	13	1 67

Subdivision of lots 12, 13 and 20 of Railway Addition to Port Angeles.

John McCallum, lot 19, block 3			$ 13

Star Addition to Port Angeles

Sam J Jerson, lots 1 to 4 block 3			$ 69
" " 48 to 50	"	3	51

South Park Addition to Port Angeles.

Lough Augustine & Co, lots 1 to 18, block 1.			$3 47
Lough Augustine & Co., lots 13 to 40, block 2			5 40

Sea View Addition to Port Angeles.

E Henrety, lots 29 and 30, block 5			$ 23

Union Pacific Second Addition to Port Angeles.

Neil Hanson, lot 31, block 6			$ 11
Henry Hersberg, lots 23 & 24, blk 18.			23
John G Smith, lots 1 to 16, block 20			1 85
" lots 26 to 48, block 20			2 66

Woodlawn Addition to Port Angeles

Barbara Jones lots 7 and 8, block 13			$ 27
A M Egleston, lots 9 to 12	"	21	54
Barbara Jones, lots 5 and 6	"	25	27
A M Egleston, lots 1 to 5	"	29	67
" lots 7 to 12	"	29	81
" lots 1 to 3	"	37	41
" lots 11 and 12	"	37	27

Wilder's Addition to Port Angeles

J B McDougall, lots 1 to 48, block 3			$9 26

Washington Avenue Addition to Port Angeles.

Anna Savage and Ella Oleson, lot 18, block 1			$ 17
Anna Savage and Ella Oleson, lot 23, block 4			17
Home Industrial Association, lots 1, to 4, block 7			8 31

Williams', Subdivision of Tracts 15 and 16 of Croft's Addition to Port Angeles

F R Manionlouxs, lots 16 & 17, blk 1			$ 71

You and each of you, are hereby summoned and required to appear within sixty (60) days after the first publication of this notice and summons, exclusive of the first day of publication, to wit: within sixty (60) from and after July 28th, 1905, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, in so far as it does or may effect your several interests or estates in or to said lands or any part thereof, or pay the amount of taxes due severally upon said lands or any part thereof in accordance with your joint or several interests or estate, together with the costs and interest; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered foreclosing said tax lien for such taxes, interest and costs due against said lands or lots.

The object of this suit is to foreclose the lien for the above mentioned taxes, interest and costs, and to sell said premises to pay the same.

Any pleading or process may be served upon the undersigned Attorney for Plaintiff at the address hereinbelow stated.

Dated this 28th day of July, A. D. 1905.

W. E. BURNSIDE,
County Treasurer of Clallam County, Washington.
J. E. COCHRAN,
County Attorney for Clallam County, Washington.
P. O. Address, Port Angeles, Washington.

Date of first publication, July 28th, 1905.

NOTICE OF SETTLEMENT OF FINAL ACCOUNT.

No. 166.

In the Superior Court of Clallam County, State of Washington.

In the matter of the estate of Joseph Henderson, deceased.

Notice is hereby given, That Lizzie O'Leary, the Administratrix de bonis non of the estate of Joseph Henderson, deceased, has rendered and presented for settlement to, and filed in the Superior Court of Clallam County, State of Washington, her Final Account as such Administratrix de bonis non of said estate; and that Tuesday the 29th day of August, 1905, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the court room of our said Superior Court, in the city of Port Angeles, in said Clallam county, has been duly appointed by our said Superior Court, for the settlement of the Final Account, at which time and place any person interested in said estate may appear and file his exceptions in writing to the said final account, and contest the same.

Witness, the Hon. Geo. C. Hatch, judge of the said Superior Court, and the seal of said court affixed this 19th day of August, A. D. 1905.

[Seal.]

E. A. FITZHENRY,
County Clerk
and Clerk of the Superior Court.

NOTICE AND SUMMONS
BY PUBLICATION.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam County.

Mary Keyes, plaintiff, vs. William Nichols and all persons unknown, if any, having or claiming an interest or estate in and to the hereinafter described real property, defendants.

State of Washington to said William Nichols who is the owner, or reputed owner, of, and all persons unknown, claiming or having an interest or estate in the hereinafter described real property

You and each of you are hereby notified that the above named plaintiff, Mary Keyes, is the holder of a delinquent tax certificate No. 494, issued by the Treasurer of Clallam County, Washington, embracing the following real property situated in Clallam County, Washington, and more particularly described as follows, to-wit:

Lots three (3) and four (4) in Block three hundred and eighty-four (384) of the townsite of Port Angeles, and issued to one Thomas Murphy and by him assigned for value to said Mary Keys.

That said certificate No. 494 issued on the second day of June, 1902, for the sum of $4.34 for the delinquent taxes for the year 1901; that the taxes for the following years have been paid by the plaintiff, to-wit: the year 1902 the sum of $1.62, the year 1903 the sum of $1.60; the year 1904 the sum of $1.64, which several sums bear interest at the rate of fifteen per cent per annum from said date of payment.

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within 60 days after the date of the first publication of this notice and summons to-wit, within 60 days after the 11th day of August, 1905, and defend the above entitled action or pay the amount of taxes due, together with the costs, penalties and interest; and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered foreclosing said tax lien for such taxes, penalties, costs and interest against said land and premises hereinbefore mentioned.

Mary Keyes, Plaintiff.
By A. A. Richardson, Attorney for Plaintiff, Port Angeles, Clallam County, Washington.
Date of first publication August 11, 1905.

SUMMONS.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington for Clallam County.

Edward J. Hoare, plaintiff, vs. Lilly Hoare, defendant.

The State of Washington to the said Lilly Hoare, defendant.

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty days after the 11th day of August A. D. 1905, and defend the above entitled action, in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court. The object of this action is to secure a judgment of the court dissolving the bonds of matrimony existing between said plaintiff and defendant.

GEO. VENABLE SMITH,
Attorney for plaintiff.
P. O. Address, Port Angeles, Clallam County, State of Washington.
Date of first publication, Aug. 11, 1905.

Those desiring a copy of the Auditor's Annual Financial Exhibit, in pamphlet form, can obtain same on application to Wm. B. Smith, county auditor.

$40,000.00

CLALLAM COUNTY, WASH.,

GENERAL ROAD AND BRIDGE FUNDING BONDS.

Notice is hereby given that the Board of County Commissioners of Clallam County, State of Washington, propose issuing Funding Bonds for the amount of Forty Thousand ($40,000) dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary to take up and cancel all General Road and Bridge outstanding warrant indebtedness of said Clallam County. Said bonds shall be of denominations of One Thousand ($1,000) dollars each and to bear interest not to exceed four and one-half per cent per annum, interest payable semi-annually, bonds to run 20 years from date of issue, or to run 20 years from date of issue the county reserving the right to redeem in 10 years; both principal and interest payable at the County Treasurer's office in Port Angeles, Washington, and said bonds shall otherwise be in accordance with existing laws. The party to whom the sale of the bonds is awardrd shall furnish the printed bonds with coupons.

Sealed bids for said bonds addressed to County Auditor, Clallam County, Port Angeles, State of Washington, will be received up to the hour of 2 o'clock P. M. on the 2nd day of October 1905, and will be opened at said time.

The County Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

A certified check of $500 must accompany each bid to ensure faithful performance of terms and conditions of same.

In witness whereof I hereby attach my hand and Seal of office this 25th day of July, 1905.

[SEAL.]

W. B. SMITH,
County Auditor.

17

NOTICE AND SUMMONS
BY PUBLICATION.

In the Superior court of the state of Washington, for Clallam county.

Frank Dustman, plaintiff, vs. Albert S. McCormick, and all persons unknown, if any, having or claiming an interest or estate in and to the hereinafter described real property, defendants.

State of Washington to Albert S. McCormick who is the owner, or reputed owner, of, and all persons unknown, claiming or having an interest or estate in the hereinafter described real property.

You and each of you are hereby notified that the above named plaintiff, Frank Dustman, is the holder of a delinquent tax certificate No. 1202, issued by the treasurer of Clallam county, Washington, embracing the following real property situated in Clallam county, Washington, and more particularly described as follows, to-wit:

Lots seventeen (17) and eighteen (18) in block one hundred and ninety-two (192) of the townsite of Port Angeles, Washington.

That said certificate was issued on the 5th day of January, 1905 for the sum of $18.60 for the delinquent taxes for the years 1901, 1902 and 1903, that the taxes for the following year have been paid by the plaintiff, to-wit: the year 1904 the sum of $4.86, which several sums bear interest at the rate of fifteen per cent. per annum from said date of payment.

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this notice and summons, exclusive of the first publication, to-wit, within sixty days after the 4th day of August 1905, and defend the above entitled action or pay the amount of the taxes due, together with the costs, penalties and interest, and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered foreclosing said tax lien for such taxes, penalties, costs and interest against said lands and premises hereinbefore mentioned.

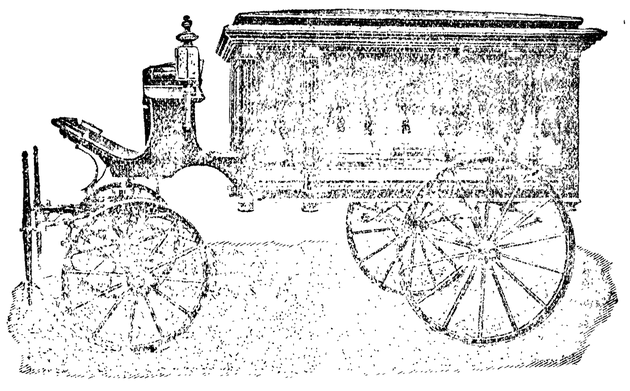
FRANK DUSTMAN, Plaintiff.
JAS. G. MCCLINTON, Attorney for Plaintiff
Post office address, Port Angeles, Clallam county, Washington.
Date of first publication, August 4, 1905.

The Lewis Supply Company
Dealers in All Kinds of
Electrical Goods
CONTRACTS TAKEN
Store on First St., Bet. Laurel and Oak - Port Angeles

KNIGHT & EBY
DUNGENESS
General Merchandise
Wagons, Buggies, and Farm Machinery
You can always do better at Knight & Eby's

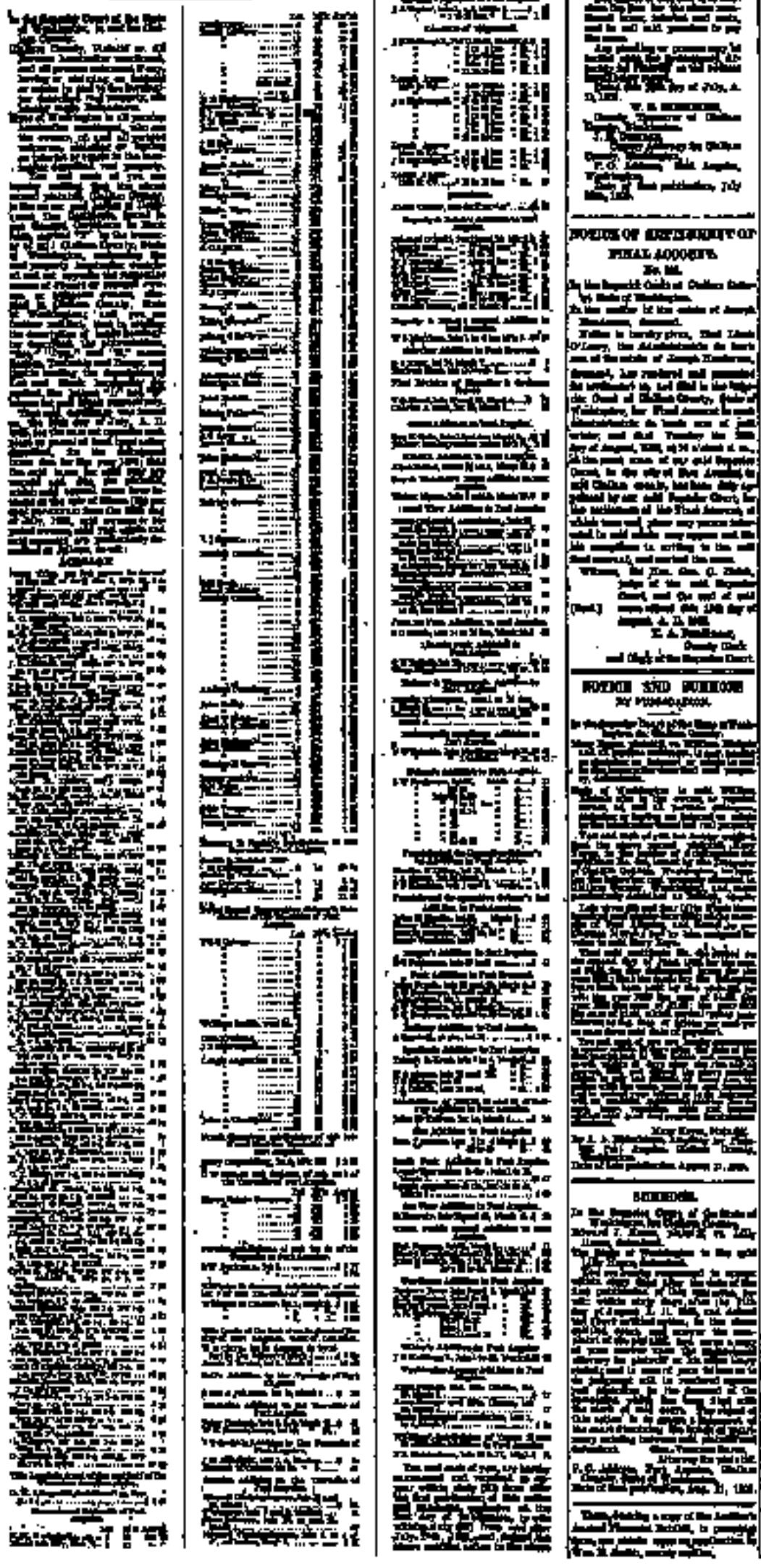
The CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK
NO. 6074
OF PORT ANGELES, WASH.
C. J. FARMER, PRESIDENT W. F. DELABARRE, VICE-PRESIDENT
J. P CHRISTENSEN, CASHIER
Domestic and Foreign Exchange Bought and Sold
WE SOLICIT YOUR BUSINESS

McKEE & LaFLOWER
Funeral Directors and Embalmers



PHONES
LAFLOWER 108
McKEE 105
CITY OFFICE 7
LADY ATTENDANTS
C. F. MERRITT,
Manager City

Notice and Summons by Publication of Tax Foreclosure



GRAHAM COUNTY, WASH.

GENERAL ROAD AND BRIDGE FUNDING BONDS.

NOTICE OF SETTLEMENT OF FINAL ACCOUNTS.

NOTICE AND SUMMONS BY PUBLICATION.

The Lewis Supply Company

Electrical Goods

CONTRACTS TAKEN

KNIGHT & EBY

DUNGENESS

General Merchandise

Wagons, Buggies, and Farm Machinery

The CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK

OF PORT ANGELES, WASH.

McKEE & LaFLOWER

Funeral Directors and Embalmers